



ITGB1 Recombinant Monoclonal Antibody

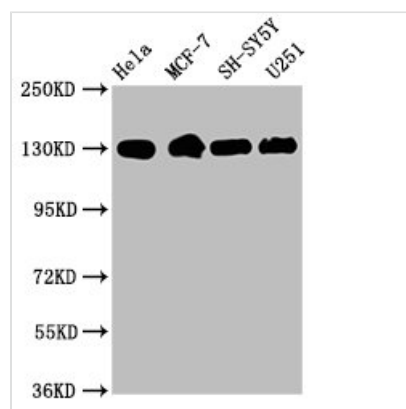
Product Code	CSB-RA011880A0HU
Abbreviation	Integrin beta-1
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	P05556
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human ITGB1
Species Reactivity	Human
Tested Applications	ELISA, WB, IHC, IF, FC; Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:50-1:200, IF:1:20-1:200
Relevance	Integrins alpha-1/beta-1, alpha-2/beta-1, alpha-10/beta-1 and alpha-11/beta-1 are receptors for collagen. Integrins alpha-1/beta-1 and alpha-2/beta-2 recognize the proline-hydroxylated sequence G-F-P-G-E-R in collagen. Integrins alpha-2/beta-1, alpha-3/beta-1, alpha-4/beta-1, alpha-5/beta-1, alpha-8/beta-1, alpha-10/beta-1, alpha-11/beta-1 and alpha-V/beta-1 are receptors for fibronectin. Alpha-4/beta-1 recognizes one or more domains within the alternatively spliced CS-1 and CS-5 regions of fibronectin. Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for fibrinogen. Integrin alpha-1/beta-1, alpha-2/beta-1, alpha-6/beta-1 and alpha-7/beta-1 are receptors for laminin. Integrin alpha-4/beta-1 is a receptor for VCAM1. It recognizes the sequence Q-I-D-S in VCAM1. Integrin alpha-9/beta-1 is a receptor for VCAM1, cytotactin and osteopontin. It recognizes the sequence A-E-I-D-G-I-E-L in cytotactin. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 is a receptor for epiligrin, thrombospondin and CSPG4. Alpha-3/beta-1 may mediate with LGALS3 the stimulation by CSPG4 of endothelial cells migration. Integrin alpha-V/beta-1 is a receptor for vitronectin. Beta-1 integrins recognize the sequence R-G-D in a wide array of ligands. Isoform 2 interferes with isoform 1 resulting in a dominant negative effect on cell adhesion and migration (in vitro). When associated with alpha-7/beta-1 integrin, regulates cell adhesion and laminin matrix deposition. Involved in promoting endothelial cell motility and angiogenesis. Involved in osteoblast compaction through the fibronectin fibrillogenesis cell-mediated matrix assembly process and the formation of mineralized bone nodules. May be involved in up-regulation of the activity of kinases such as PKC via binding to KRT1. Together with KRT1 and RACK1, serves as a platform for SRC activation or inactivation. Plays a mechanistic adhesive role during telophase, required for the successful completion of cytokinesis. Integrin alpha-3/beta-1 provides a docking site for FAP (seprase) at invadopodia plasma membranes in a collagen-dependent manner and hence may participate in the adhesion, formation of invadopodia and matrix degradation processes, promoting cell invasion. ITGA4:ITGB1 binds to fractalkine (CX3CL1) and may act as its coreceptor in CX3CR1-dependent fractalkine signaling (PubMed:23125415, PubMed:24789099). ITGA4:ITGB1 and ITGA5:ITGB1 bind to PLA2G2A via a site (site 2) which is distinct from the classical ligand-binding site (site 1) and this induces integrin conformational changes and enhanced ligand binding to site 1 (PubMed:18635536, PubMed:25398877). ITGA5:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for fibrillin-1 (FBN1) and



mediates R-G-D-dependent cell adhesion to FBN1 (PubMed:12807887, PubMed:17158881). ITGA5:ITGB1 is a receptor for IL1B and binding is essential for IL1B signaling (PubMed:29030430).

Form	Liquid
Conjugate	Non-conjugated
Storage Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Purification Method	Affinity-chromatography
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Alias	Integrin beta-1, Fibronectin receptor subunit beta, Glycoprotein IIa, GPIIA, VLA-4 subunit beta, CD29, ITGB1, FNRB, MDF2, MSK12
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Research Area	Signal Transduction
Gene Names	ITGB1
Clone No.	32A10

Image



Western Blot

Positive WB detected in: HeLa whole cell lysate, MCF-7 whole cell lysate, SH-SY5Y whole cell lysate, U251 whole cell lysate

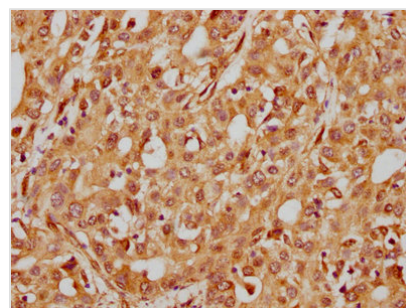
All lanes: Integrin beta-1/CD29 antibody at 1.9µg/ml

Secondary

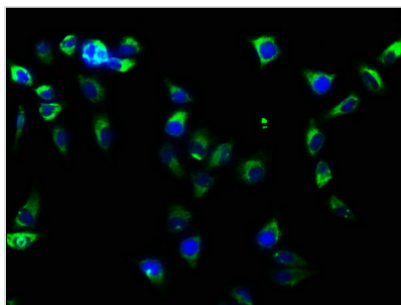
Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 89, 88, 92 KDa

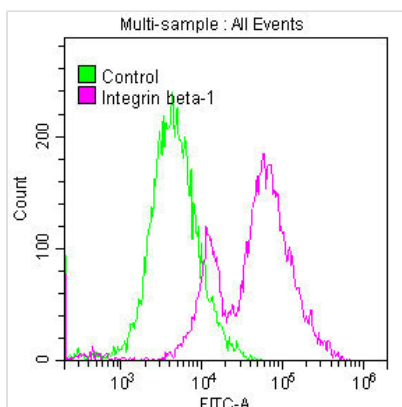
Observed band size: 130 KDa



IHC image of CSB-RA011880A0HU diluted at 1:185 and staining in paraffin-embedded human liver cancer performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4? overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.



Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cells with CSB-RA011880A0HU at 1:61, counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4?. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L).



Overlay histogram showing MCF-7 cells stained with CSB-RA011880A0HU (red line) at 1:50. The cells were fixed with 70% Ethylalcohol (18h) and then permeabilized with 0.3% Triton X-100 for 2 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS /10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by primary antibody for 1 h at 4?. The secondary antibody used was FITC goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/200 dilution for 1 h at 4?. Control antibody (green line) was used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10,000 events was performed.

Description

The production of the ITGB1 recombinant monoclonal antibody involves the utilization of DNA recombinant technology and in vitro genetic manipulation. The process begins by immunizing an animal with a synthesized peptide derived from human ITGB1, followed by the isolation and selection of positive B cells. Screening and single clone identification are performed to ensure the desired antibody specificity. The light and heavy chains of the ITGB1 antibody are then amplified using PCR and integrated into a plasmid vector to create a recombinant vector. This vector is subsequently introduced into a host cell line to facilitate antibody expression. The ITGB1 recombinant monoclonal antibody is purified from the cell culture supernatant using affinity chromatography. With its capability to selectively bind to human ITGB1 protein, this antibody is highly recommended for five applications, including ELISA, WB, IHC, IF, and FC.

The ITGB1 protein is a transmembrane protein that is involved in cell adhesion, migration, proliferation, differentiation, and signaling. It forms a heterodimeric complex with different alpha integrin subunits to form functional receptors for extracellular matrix (ECM) molecules such as fibronectin, laminin, and collagen. The ITGB1 receptor is involved in a wide range of physiological and pathological processes, including embryonic development, wound healing, immune response, and cancer metastasis. Dysregulation of ITGB1 signaling has been implicated in various diseases, including cardiovascular disease, inflammation, and cancer.