

## **PARK7Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog Number: E90987

Amount: 100ul

Background: Parkinson's disease (PD) is characterized by the presence of Lewy bodies (intracellular

inclusions) and by the loss of dopaminergic neurons. Research studies have shown that mutations in α-synuclein, Parkin, and DJ-1 are linked to PD (1). α-synuclein is a major component of the aggregates found in Lewy bodies. Parkin is involved in protein degradation through the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway, and investigators have shown that mutations in Parkin cause early onset of PD (1). Loss-of-function mutations in DJ-1 cause early onset of PD, but DJ-1 is associated with multiple functions: it cooperates with Ras to increase cell transformation, it positively regulates transcription of the androgen receptor, and it may function as an indicator of oxidative stress (2-5). Dopamine D2 receptor-mediated functions are greatly impaired in DJ-1 (-/-) mice, resulting in reduced

long-term depression (6).

Species: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Storage/Stability: Store at -20oC or -80oC. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,

50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Synonyms:** PARK7;DJ-1;DJ1;FLJ27376;FLJ34360;FLJ92274;

Immunogen: Recombinant proteinof human PARK7

Purification: Affinity purification

Reactivity: H M R
Applications: WB IHC
Molecular Weight: 20kDa
Swiss-Prot No.: Q99497

**Gene ID:** 11315

References: 1. Borrelli, E. (2005) Neuron 45, 479-81. 2. Bonifati, V. et al. (2003) Science 299, 256-9. 3.

Nagakubo, D. et al. (1997) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 231, 509-13. 4. Takahashi, K. et al. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 276, 37556-63. 5. Mitsumoto, A. and Nakagawa, Y. (2001) Free

Radic. Res. 35, 885-93. 6. Goldberg, M.S. et al. (2005) Neuron 45, 489-96.

