

NCF2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number: E91178

Amount: 100ul

Background: The phagocytic NADPH oxidase is a multiprotein enzyme that catalyzes the reduction of

oxygen to superoxide in response to pathogenic invasion. The NADPH oxidase consists of 6 subunits, including the membrane-bound p91 phox and p22 phox heterodimers (also known as cytochrome b558), the cytosolic complex of p40phox, p47phox and p67phox, and the small GTPase Rac2. Activation of NADPH oxidase is initiated by cytosolic complex phosphorylation, which induces a conformational change that leads to the translocation of the cytosolic complex to the membrane and formation of an active enzyme with cytochrome b558 (1). Defects in p47phox, often resulting from recombination between p47phox and a nearby homologous pseudogene, cause chronic granulomatous disease (2-4). Elevated oxidative stress due to increased myocardial NADPH oxidase activity may be a contributing factor in heart failure (5,6). p67phox appears to coordinate assembly of NAPDH oxidase as it associates with multiple subunits as well as the α subunit of heterotrimeric G proteins (7). Mutations in the corresponding p67phox gene are also associated with a form of autosomal recessive chronic granulomatous disease (8).

Species: Rabbit **Isotype:** IgG

Storage/Stability: Store at -20oC or -80oC. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,

50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Synonyms: NCF2;FLJ93058;NCF-2;NOXA2;P67-PHOX;P67PHOX;

Immunogen: Recombinant proteinof human NCF2

Purification: Affinity purification

Reactivity: H M R
Applications: WB IHC
Molecular Weight: 60kDa
Swiss-Prot No.: P19878
Gene ID: 4688

References: 1. Babior, B.M. (1999) Blood 93, 1464-76. 2. Noack, D. et al. (2001) Blood 97, 305-11. 3.

Görlach, A. et al. (1997) J Clin Invest 100, 1907-18. 4. Chanock, S.J. et al. (2000) Blood Cells Mol Dis 26, 37-46. 5. Heymes, C. et al. (2003) J Am Coll Cardiol 41, 2164-71. 6. Doerries, C. et al. (2007) Circ Res 100, 894-903. 7. Marty, C. et al. (2006) Mol Cell Biol 26,

5190-200. 8. Leto, T.L. et al. (1990) Science 248, 727-30.

