



ANXA5 Polyclonal Antibody

E91728

Catalog Number: E91728**Amount:** 100ul

Background: Annexin V, also known as PAP-1 or Lipocortin V, is a ~30 kDa protein that binds to phospholipids in a calcium-dependent manner (1). All annexins contain a putative PKC binding site, but only annexin V has been identified as an inhibitor of this pathway (2). It may also signal, by direct interaction with VEGFR2 receptor, in the regulation of vascular endothelial cell proliferation (3). Annexin V preferentially binds phosphatidylserine, in competition with prothrombin, leading to inhibition of blood coagulation at sites of injury preceding contact between lipid components and coagulation factors that initiate thrombosis (4-6). The ability of Annexin V to bind specifically and robustly to phosphatidylserine makes it an attractive reagent in detecting apoptotic cells (7). Annexin V is inducible by glucocorticoids and can be phosphorylated by tyrosine and serine/threonine kinases (8). It is thought to block production of mediators of inflammation, such as prostaglandins and leukotrienes by inhibiting the release of arachidonic acid from membranes by phospholipase A2 (8).

Species: Rabbit**Isotype:** IgG

Storage/Stability: Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Synonyms: ANX5; ENX2; PP4;**Immunogen:** Recombinant protein of human ANXA5**Purification:** Affinity purification**Reactivity:** H M R**Applications:** WB IHC**Molecular Weight:** 36kDa**Swiss-Prot No. :** P08758**Gene ID:** 308

References: 1. Huber, R. et al. (1990) EMBO J 9, 3867-74. 2. Cardó-Vila, M. et al. (2003) Mol Cell 11, 1151-62. 3. Wen, Y. et al. (1999) Biochem Biophys Res Commun 258, 713-21. 4. Koopman, G. et al. (1994) Blood 84, 1415-20. 5. London, F. et al. (1996) Biochemistry 35, 16886-97. 6. Thiagarajan, P. and Benedict, C.R. (1997) Circulation 96, 2339-47. 7. Vermes, I. et al. (1995) J Immunol Methods 184, 39-51. 8. Grundmann, U. et al. (1988) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 85, 3708-12.

For Research Use Only

