

Storage/Stability:	Store the kit at 4°C. Annexin V-EGFP and Propidium lodide shall not be exposed to light. The kit will remain stable for one year.
	A. Incubation of suspension cells with Annexin V-EGFP 1. Induce apoptosis by a desired method. 2. Collect 1~5x105 suspension cells by centrifugation at 2000 rpm for 5 min, or collect adherent cells by using trypsin without EDTA. 3. Wash cells twice with PBS (centrifugation at 2000 rpm for 5 min) 4. Resuspend cells in 500 μl Binding Buffer. 5. Add 5μl of Annexin V-EGFP and 5μl of propidium iodide (PI), and mix, respectively. 5. Incubate at room temperature for 5~15 min ,away from light . Proceed as follow as C or D depending on method of analysis. B. Incubation of adherent cells with Annexin V-EGFP For adherent cells, there are two methods. a.Enzyme digest 1.Collect 1~5x105 adherent cells by using trypsin without EDTA. After digested, cells were kept in culture medium with serum to prevent trypsin further digest.

For Research Use Only

Experimental Methods:

- 2.The follow procedures are the same as Step A3 \sim A5. b.Directly Observation
- 1.Culture cells on a coverslip, and induce apoptosis with proper inducer directly. Set negative control.
- 2.Rinse samples twice with PBS
- 3.Add 5 μ l Annexin V-EGFP and 5 μ l Propidium lodide into 500 μ l Binding Buffer, mix.
- 4.Add the mixed reagent above on the coverslip and make it uniform.
- 5.Incubate in wet and dark surrounding for 5min.
- C. Detection by Fluorescence Microscopy
- 1. Place the stained cells from Step A.5, or Step B.b.5 on a glass slide. Cover the cells with a coverslip.
- 2. Observe the cells under a fluorescence microscope using a dual filter for FITC and rhodamine. Cells which have been bound with Annexin V-EGFP will show green in the plasma membrane. Cells which have lost membrane integrity will show red (PI) throughout the nucleus and a halo of green staining (EGFP) on the cell surface (plasma membrane).
- D. Quantification by Flow Cytometry
 Analyze Annexin V-EGFP binding by flow cytometry (Ex =488 nm; Em =530nm) using FITC signal detector (usually FL1) and PI staining by the phycoerythrin emission signal detector (usually FL2).

Fluorescence Balance: normal cells as the control, balance fluorescence to reduce spectrum overlapping and set the situation of orientation system.