

PI 3-kinase p85α Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number: E20-53409

Product name: PI 3-kinase p85 a Polyclonal Antibody

Amount: 100ul

Applications:WB

Reactivity: Human

Gene Name:PIK3R1

Protein Name: Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha

Human Gene Id:5295

Human Swiss Prot No:P27986

Mouse Swiss Prot No:P26450

Immunogen:Recombinant Protein of PI 3-kinase p85 a

Specificity: The antibody detects endogenous PI 3-kinase p85 α protein.

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.

Source: Rabbit

Dilution:WB: 1:1000-2000

Purification:The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Storage Stability:-20° C/1 year

Other Names:PIK3R1; GRB1; Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha; PI3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha; PI3K regulatory subunit alpha; PtdIns-3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha; Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase 85 kDa regulatory subunit alpha; PI3-kinase subunit p85-alpha; PtdIns-3-kinase regulatory subunit p85-alpha

Observed Band(KD):85

Background:phosphoinositide-3-kinase regulatory subunit 1(PIK3R1) Homo sapiens Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase phosphorylates the inositol ring of phosphatidylinositol at the 3-prime position. The enzyme comprises a 110 kD catalytic subunit and a regulatory subunit of either 85, 55, or

50 kD. This gene encodes the 85 kD regulatory subunit. Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase plays an important role in the metabolic actions of insulin, and a mutation in this gene has been associated with insulin resistance. Alternative splicing of this gene results in four transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011].

Function: disease: Defects in PIK3R1 are a cause of severe insulin resistance., domain: The SH3 domain mediates the binding to CBLB, and to HIV-1 Nef., function: Binds to activated (phosphorylated) protein-Tyr kinases, through its SH2 domain, and acts as an adapter, mediating the association of the p110 catalytic unit to the plasma membrane. Necessary for the insulin-stimulated increase in glucose uptake and glycogen synthesis in insulin-sensitive tissues., PTM: Polyubiquitinated in T-cells by CBLB; which does not promote proteasomal degradation but impairs association with CD28 and CD3Z upon T-cell activation., similarity: Belongs to the PI3K p85 subunit family., similarity: Contains 1 Rho-GAP domain., similarity: Contains 1 SH3 domain., similarity: Contains 2 SH2 domains., subunit: Heterodimer of a p110 (catalytic) and a p85 (regulatory) subunits. Interacts with phosphorylated TOM1L1. Interacts with phosphorylation.

Subcellular Location:nucleus,cytoplasm,cis-Golgi network,cytosol,plasma membrane,cell-cell junction,phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase complex,phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase complex, class IA,membrane,perinuclear endoplasmic reticulum membrane.

Expression:Brain, Epithelium, Lung, Placenta, Skeletal muscle.

