



## P44/42 MAPK (ERK1/2) Monoclonal Antibody

E20-53516

**Catalog Number:**E20-53516

**Product name:**P44/42 MAPK (ERK1/2) Monoclonal Antibody

**Amount:**100ul

**Applications:**WB,IHC-p

**Reactivity:**.,Human,Rat,Mouse

**Human Gene Id:**5594/5595

**Human Swiss Prot No:**P27361/P28482

**Immunogen:**Synthetic Peptide of P44/42 MAPK (ERK1/2)

**Specificity:**P44/42 MAPK(ERK1/2) protein detects endogenous levels of P44/42 MAPK(ERK1/2)

**Formulation:**Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

**Source:**Mouse

**Dilution:**WB 1:1000-2000, IHC 1:50-100

**Purification:**The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.

**Concentration:**1 mg/ml

**Storage Stability:**-20°C/1 year

**Other Names:**MAPK3; ERK1; PRKM3; Mitogen-activated protein kinase 3; MAP kinase 3; MAPK 3; ERT2; Extracellular signal-regulated kinase 1; ERK-1; Insulin-stimulated MAP2 kinase; MAP kinase isoform p44; p44-MAPK; Microtubule-associated protein 2 kinase; p

**Observed Band(KD):**44,42

**Background:**mitogen-activated protein kinase 3(MAPK3) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases, also known as extracellular signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act in a signaling cascade that regulates various cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, and cell cycle progression in response to a variety of extracellular signals. This kinase is activated by upstream kinases, resulting in its translocation to the nucleus where it phosphorylates nuclear targets. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different protein isoforms have been

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described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

**Function:**catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,domain:The TXY motif contains the threonine and tyrosine residues whose phosphorylation activates the MAP kinases.

**Subcellular Location:**intracellular, nucleus, nuclear envelope, nucleoplasm, mitochondrion, early endosome, late endosome,Golgi apparatus, cytosol, cytoskeleton, caveola, focal adhesion, microtubule cytoskeleton.

**Expression:**Epithelium, Eye, Hepatoma, Human cervix.

