



<b>Swiss-Prot No.:</b>	P21589
<b>Altermname:</b>	NT5E
<b>Storage/Stability:</b>	Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of NT5E expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Purification:</b>	Ascitic fluid
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human
<b>Other Names:</b>	eN; NT5; CD73
<b>Background:</b>	5'-nucleotidase, ecto (NT5E), also known as CD73 (Cluster of Differentiation 73). Ecto-5-prime-nucleotidase (5-prime-ribonucleotide phosphohydrolase; EC 3.1.3.5) catalyzes the conversion at neutral pH of purine 5-prime mononucleotides to nucleosides, the preferred substrate being AMP. The enzyme consists of a dimer of 2 identical 70-kD subunits bound by a glycosyl phosphatidyl inositol linkage to the external face of the plasma membrane. The enzyme is used as a marker of lymphocyte differentiation. Consequently, a deficiency of NT5 occurs in a variety of immunodeficiency diseases (e.g., see MIM 102700, MIM 300300). Other forms of 5-prime nucleotidase exist in the cytoplasm and lysosomes and can be distinguished from ecto-NT5 by their substrate affinities, requirement for divalent magnesium ion, activation by ATP, and

	inhibition by inorganic phosphate.
<b>Gene ID:</b>	4907
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	Cell membrane, Membrane
<b>Source:</b>	Mouse
<b>Antibody type:</b>	Monclonal antibody
<b>Isotype:</b>	Mouse IgG1
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	70kDa
<b>Preservative:</b>	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.
<b>Recommended Dilutions:</b>	WB: N/A; IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000; ICC: N/A; FCM: N/A; Elisa: 1/10000
<b>Clone Number:</b>	1D7