PARK2 Rabbit pAb

Swiss-Prot No.:	O60260
Altername:	PRKN
Storage/Stability:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Immunogen:	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-300 of human PARK2 (AAH22014.1).
Purification:	Affinity purified
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat
Other Names:	PDJ; AR-JP; LPRS2; PARK2
Cellular localization:	Cytoplasm, Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondrion, Nucleus
	Functions within a multiprotein E3 ubiquitin ligase complex, catalyzing the covalent attachment of ubiquitin moieties onto substrate proteins, such as BCL2, SYT11, CCNE1, GPR37, RHOT1/MIRO1, MFN1, MFN2, STUB1, SNCAIP, SEPT5, TOMM20, USP30, ZNF746 and AIMP2 (PubMed:10973942, PubMed:10888878, PubMed:11431533, PubMed:12150907, PubMed:12628165, PubMed:16135753, PubMed:21376232, PubMed:23754282, PubMed:23620051, PubMed:24660806, PubMed:24751536). Mediates monoubiquitination as well as 'Lys-6', 'Lys-11', 'Lys-48'-linked and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of substrates depending on the context

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(PubMed:19229105, PubMed:20889974, PubMed:25621951). Participates in the removal and/or detoxification of abnormally folded or damaged protein by mediating 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of misfolded proteins such as PARK7: 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitinated misfolded proteins are then recognized by HDAC6, leading to their recruitment to aggresomes, followed by degradation (PubMed:17846173, PubMed:19229105). Mediates 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of a 22 kDa O-linked glycosylated isoform of SNCAIP, possibly playing a role in Lewy-body formation (PubMed:11590439, PubMed:11431533, PubMed:19229105, PubMed:11590439, PubMed:15728840). Mediates monoubiquitination of BCL2, thereby acting as a positive regulator of autophagy (PubMed:20889974). Promotes the autophagic degradation of dysfunctional depolarized mitochondria (mitophagy) by promoting the ubiquitination of mitochondrial proteins such as TOMM20, RHOT1/MIRO1 and USP30 (PubMed:19029340, PubMed:19966284, PubMed:23620051, PubMed:24896179, PubMed:25527291). Preferentially assembles 'Lys-6'-, 'Lys-11'and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains following mitochondrial damage, leading to mitophagy (PubMed:25621951). Mediates 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitination of ZNF746, followed by degradation of ZNF746 by the proteasome; possibly playing a

role in the regulation of neuron death (PubMed:21376232).

with CHPF isoform 2, may enhance cell viability and protect

of its ubiquitin ligase activity, protects from apoptosis by the

transcriptional repression of p53/TP53 (PubMed:19801972).

proteasomal dysfunction, GPR37 accumulation, and kainate-

induced excitotoxicity (PubMed:11439185). May play a role in

controlling neurotransmitter trafficking at the presynaptic

May protect neurons against alpha synuclein toxicity,

Regulates cyclin-E during neuronal apoptosis. In collaboration

cells from oxidative stress (PubMed:22082830). Independently

Limits the production of reactive oxygen species (ROS).

Relevance:

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	terminal and in calcium-dependent exocytosis. May represent a tumor suppressor gene.
Source:	Rabbit
Antibody type:	Polyclonal antibody
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Molecular Weight:	52kDa
Preservative:	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Recommended Dilutions:	WB 1:500 - 1:2000; IF 1:50 - 1:200(Optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user)