## SIAH1 Rabbit pAb

Swiss-Prot No.:	Q8IUQ4
Altername:	SIAH1
Storage/Stability:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
lmmunogen:	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-313 of human SIAH1 (NP_001006611.1).
Purification:	Affinity purified
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat
Other Names:	SIAH1A
Cellular localization:	Cytoplasm, Nucleus
	E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates. Mediates E3 ubiquitin ligase activity either through direct binding to substrates or by functioning as the essential RING domain subunit of larger E3 complexes. Triggers the ubiquitin-mediated degradation of many substrates, including proteins involved in transcription regulation (ELL2, MYB, POU2AF1, PML and RBBP8), a cell surface receptor (DCC), the cell-surface

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Relevance:	receptor-type tyrosine kinase FLT3, the cytoplasmic signal transduction molecules (KLF10/TIEG1 and NUMB), an antiapoptotic protein (BAG1), a microtubule motor protein (KIF22), a protein involved in synaptic vesicle function in neurons (SYP), a structural protein (CTNNB1) and SNCAIP. Confers constitutive instability to HIPK2 through proteasomal degradation. It is thereby involved in many cellular processes such as apoptosis, tumor suppression, cell cycle, axon guidance, transcription regulation, spermatogenesis and TNF-alpha signaling. Has some overlapping function with SIAH2. Induces apoptosis in cooperation with PEG3. Upon nitric oxid (NO) generation that follows apoptotic stimulation, interacts with S-nitrosylated GAPDH, mediating the translocation of GAPDH to the nucleus. GAPDH acts as a stabilizer of SIAH1, facilitating the degradation of nuclear proteins.
Source:	Rabbit
Antibody type:	Polyclonal antibody
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Molecular Weight:	31kDa
Preservative:	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.
Recommended Dilutions:	WB 1:500 - 1:2000; IHC 1:50 - 1:200; IF 1:50 - 1:200(Optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user)