

Immunotag™ MRE11A Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITA7090
Product Description	Immunotag™ MRE11A Antibody
Size	100 µg, 200 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	MRE11A
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,IHC,IF/ICC,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:50-1:200, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human MRE11A
Specificity	MRE11A Antibody detects endogenous levels of total MRE11A
Purification	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography.
Form	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt
Gene Name	MRE11
Accession No.	P49959

Antibody Specification

Alternate Names	AT like disease; Ataxia telangiectasia disorder like; ATLD; DNA recombination and repair protein; Double strand break repair protein MRE11A; Double-strand break repair protein MRE11A; endo/exonuclease Mre11; HNGS1; meiotic recombination (S. cerevisiae) 11 homolog A; Meiotic recombination 11 homolog 1; meiotic recombination 11 homolog A (S. cerevisiae); Meiotic recombination 11 homolog A; MmMRE11A; Mre 11; MRE 11a; MRE 11b; MRE11 homolog 1; MRE11 homolog A; MRE11 meiotic recombination 11 homolog A (S. cerevisiae); MRE11 meiotic recombination 11 homolog A; MRE11_HUMAN; MRE11A; MRE11b; OTTHUMP00000236830; OTTHUMP00000236831; OTTHUMP00000236832; OTTHUMP00000236833;
Description	Component of the MRN complex, which plays a central role in double-strand break (DSB) repair, DNA recombination, maintenance of telomere integrity and meiosis. The complex possesses single-strand endonuclease activity and double-strand-specific 3'-5' exonuclease activity, which are provided by MRE11. RAD50 may be required to bind DNA ends and hold them in close proximity. This could facilitate searches for short or long regions of sequence homology in the recombining DNA templates, and may also stimulate the activity of DNA ligases and/or restrict the nuclease activity of MRE11 to prevent nucleolytic degradation past a given point (PubMed:9651580, PubMed:9590181, PubMed:9705271, PubMed:11741547). The complex may also be required for DNA damage signaling via activation of the ATM kinase (PubMed:15064416). In telomeres the MRN complex may modulate t-loop formation (PubMed:10888888).
Cell Pathway/ Category	Primary Polyclonal Antibody
Protein MW	80kDa
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.