

Immunotag™ CIDECAntibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITA8654
Product Description	Immunotag™ CIDECAntibody
Size	100 µg, 200 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	CIDECA
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	WB 1:1000-3000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CIDECA
Specificity	CIDECA Antibody detects endogenous levels of total CIDECA
Purification	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography.
Form	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt
Gene Name	CIDECA
Accession No.	Q96AQ7
Alternate Names	Cell death activator; Cell death activator CIDE-3; Cell death inducing DFFA like effector C; Cell death inducing DFFA like effector protein C; Cell death-inducing DFFA-like effector protein C; CIDE 3; CIDE3; CIDECA; CIDECA_HUMAN; Fat specific protein 27; Fat-specific protein FSP27 homolog; FLJ20871; FPLD5; FSP27;

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Description	Binds to lipid droplets and regulates their enlargement, thereby restricting lipolysis and favoring storage. At focal contact sites between lipid droplets, promotes directional net neutral lipid transfer from the smaller to larger lipid droplets. The transfer direction may be driven by the internal pressure difference between the contacting lipid droplet pair. Its role in neutral lipid transfer and lipid droplet enlargement is activated by the interaction with PLIN1. May act as a CEBPB coactivator in the white adipose tissue to control the expression of a subset of CEBPB downstream target genes, including SOCS1, SOCS3, TGFB1, TGFBR1, ID2 and XDH. When overexpressed in preadipocytes, induces apoptosis or increases cell susceptibility to apoptosis induced by serum deprivation or TGFB treatment. As mature adipocytes, that express high CIDEC levels, are quite resistant to apoptotic stimuli, the physiological significance of its role in apoptosis is unclear. May play a role in the modulation of the response to osmotic stress by preventing NFAT5 to translocate into the nucleus and activate its target genes expression.
Cell Pathway/ Category	Primary Polyclonal Antibody
Protein MW	26 kDa
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.