Immunotag™ SOX-2 Monoclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification		
Catalog No.	ITM0593	
Product Description	Immunotag™ SOX-2 Monoclonal Antibody	
Size	50 μg, 100 μg	
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647	
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.	
Target Protein	SOX2	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year	
Application	WB,ELISA	
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	
Reactive Species	Human	
Host Species	Mouse	
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of SOX-2 (aa1-170) expressed in E. Coli.	
Specificity	SOX-2 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SOX-2 protein.	
Purification	Affinity purification	
Form	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.	
Gene Name	SOX2	
Accession No.	P48431 P48432	
Alternate Names	SOX2; Transcription factor SOX-2	

Antibody Specification	
Description	SRY-box 2(SOX2) Homo sapiens This intronless gene encodes a member of the SRY-related HMG-box (SOX) family of transcription factors involved in the regulation of embryonic development and in the determination of cell fate. The product of this gene is required for stem-cell maintenance in the central nervous system, and also regulates gene expression in the stomach. Mutations in this gene have been associated with optic nerve hypoplasia and with syndromic microphthalmia, a severe form of structural eye malformation. This gene lies within an intron of another gene called SOX2 overlapping transcript (SOX2OT). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Protein Expression	Fetal brain,Lung,Retina,
Subcellular Localization	nucleus,nucleoplasm,transcription factor complex,cytoplasm,cytosol,
Protein Function	disease:Defects in SOX2 are the cause of microphthalmia syndromic type 3 (MCOPS3) [MIM:206900]. Microphthalmia is a clinically heterogeneous disorder of eye formation, ranging from small size of a single eye to complete bilateral absence of ocular tissues (anophthalmia). In many cases, microphthalmia/anophthalmia occurs in association with syndromes that include non-ocular abnormalities. MCOPS3 is characterized by the rare association of malformations including uni- or bilateral anophthalmia or microphthalmia, and esophageal atresia with trachoesophageal fistula.,function:Transcription factor that forms a trimeric complex with OCT4 on DNA and controls the expression of a number of genes involved in embryonic development such as YES1, FGF4, UTF1 and ZFP206. Critical for early embryogenesis and for embryonic stem cell pluripotency.,online information:Sox2 entry,PTM:Sumoylation inhibits binding on DNA and negatively regulates the FGF4 transactivation.,similarity:Contains 1 HMG box DNA-binding domain.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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