

## Immunotag™ Hsp60 mouse mAb

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITM1419
Product Description	Immunotag™ Hsp60 mouse mAb
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	Hsp60
Clonality	Monoclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,IF,IP
Recommended Dilution	wb dilution 1:1000 icc dilution 1:100 ip dilution 1:100
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Mouse
Immunogen	Purified recombinant human Hsp60 protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Hsp60 and does not cross-react with related proteins.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	hsp60
Accession No.	P10809 P63038

## Antibody Specification

Alternate Names	60 kDa chaperonin;60 kDa heat shock protein mitochondrial;60 kDa heat shock protein, mitochondrial;CH60_HUMAN;Chaperonin 60;Chaperonin;Chaperonin, 60-KD;CPN 60;CPN60;fa04a05;GROEL;GroEL Homolog;Heat shock 60kD protein 1 chaperonin;Heat shock 60kDa protein 1;Heat shock protein 1 (chaperonin);Heat Shock Protein 60;Heat shock protein 65;HLD4;Hsp 60;HSP 65;HSP-60;HSP60;HSP65;HSPD 1;HSPD1;HuCHA60;Mitochondrial matrix protein P1;P60 lymphocyte protein;Short heat shock protein 60 Hsp60s1;Spastic paraplegia 13;SPG 13;SPG13.
Description	heat shock protein family D (Hsp60) member 1(HSPD1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the chaperonin family. The encoded mitochondrial protein may function as a signaling molecule in the innate immune system. This protein is essential for the folding and assembly of newly imported proteins in the mitochondria. This gene is adjacent to a related family member and the region between the 2 genes functions as a bidirectional promoter. Several pseudogenes have been associated with this gene. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been identified for this gene. Mutations associated with this gene cause autosomal recessive spastic paraplegia 13. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010],
Cell Pathway/ Category	RNA degradation,Type I diabetes mellitus,
Protein Expression	Adipocyte,Adrenal gland,B-cell lymphoma,Brain,Cajal-Retzius
Subcellular Localization	extracellular space,cytoplasm,mitochondrion,mitochondrial inner membrane,mitochondrial matrix,early endosome,peroxisomal matrix,rough endoplasmic reticulum,Golgi apparatus,cytosol,plasma membrane,clathrin
Protein Function	disease:Defects in HSPD1 are a cause of spastic paraplegia autosomal dominant type 13 (SPG13) [MIM:605280]. Spastic paraplegia is a degenerative spinal cord disorder characterized by a slow, gradual, progressive weakness and spasticity of the lower limbs.,disease:Defects in HSPD1 are the cause of leukodystrophy hypomyelinating type 4 (HLD4) [MIM:612233]; also called mitochondrial HSP60 chaperonopathy or MitCHAP-60 disease. HLD4 is a severe autosomal recessive hypomyelinating leukodystrophy. Clinically characterized by infantile-onset rotary nystagmus, progressive spastic paraplegia, neurologic regression, motor impairment, profound mental retardation. Death usually occurs within the first 2 decades of life.,function:Implicated in mitochondrial protein import and macromolecular assembly. May facilitate the correct folding of imported proteins. May also prevent misfolding and promote the refolding and proper assembly of unfolded polypeptides generated under stress conditions in the mitochondrial matrix.,similarity:Belongs to the chaperonin (HSP60) family.,similarity:Belongs to the TCP-1 chaperonin family.,subunit:Interacts with HBV protein X and HTLV-1 protein p40tax.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.