Immunotag™ PI3 Kinase P85 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITM3680
Product Description	Immunotag™ PI3 Kinase P85 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 μg, 100 μg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	PI3 Kinase P8500
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	ІНС-р
Recommended Dilution	IHC 1:100-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Rat,Mouse
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Recombinant Protein of PI3 Kinase P85 of PIK3R1
Specificity	PI3 Kinase P85 protein detects endogenous levels of PIK3R1
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	PIK3R1
Accession No.	P27986 P26450 Q63787
Alternate Names	PIK3R1

Antibody Specification	
Description	phosphoinositide-3-kinase regulatory subunit 1(PIK3R1) Homo sapiens Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase phosphorylates the inositol ring of phosphatidylinositol at the 3-prime position. The enzyme comprises a 110 kD catalytic subunit and a regulatory subunit of either 85, 55, or 50 kD. This gene encodes the 85 kD regulatory subunit. Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase plays an important role in the metabolic actions of insulin, and a mutation in this gene has been associated with insulin resistance. Alternative splicing of this gene results in four transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011],
Cell Pathway/ Category	ErbB_HER,Chemokine,Phosphatidylinositol signaling system,mTOR,Apoptosis_Inhibition,Apoptosis_Mitochondrial,Apoptosis_Overview,VEGF,Focal adhesion,Toll_Like,Jak_STAT,Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity,T_Cell_Receptor,B_Cell_Antigen,Fc epsilon RI,Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis,Leukocyte transendothelial migration,Neurotrophin,Regulates Actin and Cytoskeleton,Insulin_Receptor,Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation,Type II diabetes mellitus,Aldosterone-regulated sodium reabsorption,Pathways in cancer,Colorectal cancer,Renal cell carcinoma,Pancreatic cancer,Endometrial cancer,Glioma,Prostate cancer,Melanoma,Chronic myeloid leukemia,Acute myeloid leukemia,Small cell lung cancer,Non-small cell lung cancer,
Protein Expression	Brain,Epithelium,Lung,Placenta,Skeletal muscle,
Subcellular Localization	nucleus,cytoplasm,cis-Golgi network,cytosol,plasma membrane,cell-cell junction,phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase complex,phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase complex, class IA,membrane,perinuclear endoplasmic reticulum membrane,
Protein Function	disease:Defects in PIK3R1 are a cause of severe insulin resistance.,domain:The SH3 domain mediates the binding to CBLB, and to HIV-1 Nef.,function:Binds to activated (phosphorylated) protein-Tyr kinases, through its SH2 domain, and acts as an adapter, mediating the association of the p110 catalytic unit to the plasma membrane. Necessary for the insulin-stimulated increase in glucose uptake and glycogen synthesis in insulin-sensitive tissues.,PTM:Polyubiquitinated in T-cells by CBLB; which does not promote proteasomal degradation but impairs association with CD28 and CD3Z upon T-cell activation.,similarity:Belongs to the PI3K p85 subunit family.,similarity:Contains 1 Rho-GAP domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH3 domain.,similarity:Contains 2 SH2 domains.,subunit:Heterodimer of a p110 (catalytic) and a p85 (regulatory) subunits. Interacts with phosphorylated TOM1L1. Interacts with phosphorylated LIME1 upon TCR and/or BCR activation. Interacts with SOCS7. Interacts with RUFY3 (By similarity). Interacts with phosphorylated LAT, LAX1 and TRAT1 upon TCR activation. Interacts with CBLB. Interacts with HIV-1 Nef to activate the Nef associated p21-activated kinase (PAK). This interacts with HCV NS5A. The SH2 domains interact with the YTHM motif of phosphorylated INSR in vitro. Also interacts with tyrosine-phosphorylated IGF1R in vitro. Interacts with CD28 and CD3Z upon T-cell activation. Interacts with IRS1 and phosphorylated IRS4, as well as with NISCH and HCST.,tissue specificity:Isoform 2 is expressed in skeletal muscle and brain, and at lower levels in kidney and cardiac muscle. Isoform 2 and isoform 4 are present in skeletal muscle (at protein level).,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.