

Immunotag™ NUCL Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITN2931
Product Description	Immunotag™ NUCL Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	NUCL
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity	NUCL Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	NCL
Accession No.	P19338 P09405 P13383
Description	nucleolin(NCL) Homo sapiens Nucleolin (NCL), a eukaryotic nucleolar phosphoprotein, is involved in the synthesis and maturation of ribosomes. It is located mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. Human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. The intron 11 of the NCL gene encodes a small nucleolar RNA, termed U20. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Antibody Specification

Cell Pathway/ Category	Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection,
Protein Expression	Brain,Cervix carcinoma,Epithelium,Hair follicle dermal papilla,Muscle,Retina,
Subcellular Localization	nucleus,nucleoplasm,nucleolus,cell cortex,membrane,intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex,cytoplasmic ribonucleoprotein granule,extracellular exosome,
Protein Function	<p>function:Nucleolin is the major nucleolar protein of growing eukaryotic cells. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. May play a role in the process of transcriptional elongation. Binds RNA oligonucleotides with 5'-UUAGGG-3' repeats more tightly than the telomeric single-stranded DNA 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats.,sequence caution:Unlikely isoform. Aberrant splice sites.,similarity:Contains 4 RRM (RNA recognition motif) domains.,subunit:Interacts with APTX and NSUN2. Component of the SWAP complex that consists of NPM1, NCL/nucleolin, PARP1 and SWAP70. Component of a complex which is at least composed of HTATSF1/Tat-SF1, the P-TEFb complex components CDK9 and CCNT1, RNA polymerase II, SUPT5H, and NCL/nucleolin.,</p>
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.