

## Immunotag™ GRB10 (phospho Tyr67) Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITP0557
Product Description	Immunotag™ GRB10 (phospho Tyr67) Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	GRB10 (Tyr67)
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,IHC-p,IF,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GRB10 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr67. AA range:33-82
Specificity	Phospho-GRB10 (Y67) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of GRB10 protein only when phosphorylated at Y67.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	GRB10
Accession No.	Q13322 Q60760
Alternate Names	GRB10; GRBIR; KIAA0207; Growth factor receptor-bound protein 10; GRB10 adapter protein; Insulin receptor-binding protein Grb-IR

## Antibody Specification

Description	growth factor receptor bound protein 10(GRB10) Homo sapiens The product of this gene belongs to a small family of adapter proteins that are known to interact with a number of receptor tyrosine kinases and signaling molecules. This gene encodes a growth factor receptor-binding protein that interacts with insulin receptors and insulin-like growth-factor receptors. Overexpression of some isoforms of the encoded protein inhibits tyrosine kinase activity and results in growth suppression. This gene is imprinted in a highly isoform- and tissue-specific manner, with expression observed from the paternal allele in the brain, and from the maternal allele in the placental trophoblasts. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2010],
Cell Pathway/ Category	Stem cell pathway, Insulin Receptor
Protein Expression	Bone marrow,Brain,Cerebellum,Epithelium,Kidney,Skeletal muscle,Test
Subcellular Localization	cytoplasm,cytosol,plasma membrane,
Protein Function	Additional isoforms seem to exist,function:Plays a functional role in insulin and IGF-I signaling. May serve to positively link the insulin and IGF-I receptors to an uncharacterized mitogenic signaling pathway. Interacts with the cytoplasmic domain of the autophosphorylated insulin receptor which is then inhibited. The interaction is mediated by the SH2 domain. Also binds activated platelet-derived growth factor receptor and epidermal growth factor receptor.,similarity:Belongs to the GRB7/10/14 family.,similarity:Contains 1 PH domain.,similarity:Contains 1 Ras-associating domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH2 domain.,subunit:Interacts with GIGYF1/PERQ1 and GIGYF2/TNRC15.,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in skeletal muscle.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.