

Immunotag™ SREBP-1 (phospho Ser439) Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITP0833
Product Description	Immunotag™ SREBP-1 (phospho Ser439) Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	SREBP-1 (Ser439)
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,IHC-p,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human SREBP-1 (phospho Ser439)
Specificity	Phospho-SREBP-1 (S439) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SREBP-1 protein only when phosphorylated at S439.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	SREBF1
Accession No.	P36956 Q9WTN3 P56720
Alternate Names	SREBF1; BHLHD1; SREBP1; Sterol regulatory element-binding protein 1; SREBP-1; Class D basic helix-loop-helix protein 1; bHLHd1; Sterol regulatory element-binding transcription factor 1

Antibody Specification

Description	sterol regulatory element binding transcription factor 1(SREBF1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a transcription factor that binds to the sterol regulatory element-1 (SRE1), which is a decamer flanking the low density lipoprotein receptor gene and some genes involved in sterol biosynthesis. The protein is synthesized as a precursor that is attached to the nuclear membrane and endoplasmic reticulum. Following cleavage, the mature protein translocates to the nucleus and activates transcription by binding to the SRE1. Sterols inhibit the cleavage of the precursor, and the mature nuclear form is rapidly catabolized, thereby reducing transcription. The protein is a member of the basic helix-loop-helix-leucine zipper (bHLH-Zip) transcription factor family. This gene is located within the Smith-Magenis syndrome region on chromosome 17. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016],
Cell Pathway/ Category	AMPK, Protein_Acetylation
Protein Expression	Brain,Cervix carcinoma,Epithelium,Fetal bra
Subcellular Localization	Golgi membrane,nucleus,nuclear envelope,nucleoplasm,cytoplasm,endoplasmic reticulum,endoplasmic reticulum membrane,cytosol,ER to Golgi transport vesicle membrane,integral component of membrane,protei
Protein Function	Additional isoforms seem to exist,function:Transcriptional activator required for lipid homeostasis. Regulates transcription of the LDL receptor gene as well as the fatty acid and to a lesser degree the cholesterol synthesis pathway (By similarity). Binds to the sterol regulatory element 1 (SRE-1) (5'-ATCACCCCAC-3'). Has dual sequence specificity binding to both an E-box motif (5'-ATCACGTGA-3') and to SRE-1 (5'-ATCACCCCAC-3').,online information:Sterol regulatory element-binding protein entry,PTM:At low cholesterol the SCAP/SREBP complex is recruited into COPII vesicles for export from the ER. In the Golgi complex SREBPs are cleaved sequentially by site-1 and site-2 protease. The first cleavage by site-1 protease occurs within the luminal loop, the second cleavage by site-2 protease occurs within the first transmembrane domain and releases the transcription factor from the Golgi membrane. Apoptosis triggers cleavage by the cysteine proteases caspase-3 and caspase-7.,sequence caution:Intron retention.,similarity:Belongs to the SREBP family.,similarity:Contains 1 basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) domain.,subcellular location:Moves from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi in the absence of sterols.,subunit:Forms a tight complex with SCAP in the ER membrane. Efficient DNA binding of the soluble transcription factor fragment requires dimerization with another bHLH protein. Interacts with LMNA.,tissue specificity:Expressed in a wide variety of tissues, most abundant in liver and adrenal gland. In fetal tissues lung and liver shows highest expression. Isoform SREBP-1C predominates in liver, adrenal gland and ovary, whereas isoform SREBP-1A predominates in hepatoma cell lines. Isoform SREBP-1A and isoform SREBP-1C are found in kidney, brain, white fat, and muscle.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.