

Immunotag™ mTOR Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT2915
Product Description	Immunotag™ mTOR Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	mTOR
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,IHC-p,IF,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from mTOR, at AA range: 2390-2470
Specificity	mTOR Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of mTOR protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	MTOR
Accession No.	P42345 Q9JLN9 P42346
Alternate Names	MTOR; FRAP; FRAP1; FRAP2; RAFT1; RAPT1; Serine/threonine-protein kinase mTOR; FK506-binding protein 12-rapamycin complex-associated protein 1; FKBP12-rapamycin complex-associated protein; Mammalian target of rapamycin; mTOR; Mechanistic tar

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Description	mechanistic target of rapamycin(MTOR) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene belongs to a family of phosphatidylinositol kinase-related kinases. These kinases mediate cellular responses to stresses such as DNA damage and nutrient deprivation. This protein acts as the target for the cell-cycle arrest and immunosuppressive effects of the FKBP12-rapamycin complex. The ANGPTL7 gene is located in an intron of this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2008],
Cell Pathway/ Category	Regulates Angiogenesis, Insulin Receptor, ErbB/HER, mTOR, B Cell Receptor, PI3K/Akt, AMPK
Protein Expression	B-cell,Brain,Cerebellum,
Subcellular Localization	Golgi membrane,nucleus,nucleoplasm,cytoplasm,mitochondrial outer membrane,lysosome,lysosomal membrane,endoplasmic reticulum membrane,cytosol,phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase complex,endomembrane system,membrane,P
Protein Function	function:Acts as the target for the cell-cycle arrest and immunosuppressive effects of the FKBP12-rapamycin complex. Part of the TORC2 complex which plays a critical role in AKT1 Ser-473 phosphorylation, and may modulate the phosphorylation of PKCA and regulate actin cytoskeleton organization.,similarity:Belongs to the PI3/PI4-kinase family.,similarity:Contains 1 FAT domain.,similarity:Contains 1 FATC domain.,similarity:Contains 1 PI3K/PI4K domain.,similarity:Contains 7 HEAT repeats.,subunit:Interacts with the FKBP12-rapamycin complex. Binds UBQLN1. Forms part of the mammalian target of rapamycin 2 complex (TORC2) comprised of FRAP1, GBL, PRR5, RICTOR and SIN. TORC2 does not bind to and is not sensitive to FKBP12-rapamycin. Binds directly to PRR5 and RICTOR within the TORC2 complex.,tissue specificity:Expressed in numerous tissues, with highest levels in testis.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.