

Immunotag™ ORC1 Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT3469
Product Description	Immunotag™ ORC1 Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	ORC1
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ORC1L. AA range:331-380
Specificity	ORC1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ORC1 protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	ORC1
Accession No.	Q13415 Q9Z1N2
Alternate Names	ORC1; ORC1L; PARC1; Origin recognition complex subunit 1; Replication control protein 1

Antibody Specification

Description	origin recognition complex subunit 1(ORC1) Homo sapiens The origin recognition complex (ORC) is a highly conserved six subunits protein complex essential for the initiation of the DNA replication in eukaryotic cells. Studies in yeast demonstrated that ORC binds specifically to origins of replication and serves as a platform for the assembly of additional initiation factors such as Cdc6 and Mcm proteins. The protein encoded by this gene is the largest subunit of the ORC complex. While other ORC subunits are stable throughout the cell cycle, the levels of this protein vary during the cell cycle, which has been shown to be controlled by ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis after initiation of DNA replication. This protein is found to be selectively phosphorylated during mitosis. It is also reported to interact with MYST histone acetyltransferase 2 (MyST2/HBO1), a protein involved in control of transcription silencing. Alternatively spliced transcr
Cell Pathway/ Category	Cell_Cycle_G1S,Cell_Cycle_G2M_DNA,
Protein Expression	Epithelium,Eye,
Subcellular Localization	nuclear chromosome, telomeric region,origin recognition complex,nucleus,nucleoplasm,nuclear origin of replication recognition complex,nucleolus,cytoplasm,cytosol,plasma membrane,
Protein Function	function:Component of the origin recognition complex (ORC) that binds origins of replication. It has a role in both chromosomal replication and mating type transcriptional silencing. Binds to the ARS consensus sequence (ACS) of origins of replication in an ATP-dependent manner.,similarity:Belongs to the ORC1 family.,similarity:Contains 1 BAH domain.,subunit:ORC is composed of six subunits. Interacts with CDC6 and MYST2/HBO1.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.