

Immunotag™ Pax-5 Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT3601
Product Description	Immunotag™ Pax-5 Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	Pax-5
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Pax-5. AA range:1-50
Specificity	Pax-5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Pax-5 protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	PAX5
Accession No.	Q02548 Q02650
Alternate Names	PAX5; Paired box protein Pax-5; B-cell-specific transcription factor; BSAP

Antibody Specification

Description	paired box 5(PAX5) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the paired box (PAX) family of transcription factors. The central feature of this gene family is a novel, highly conserved DNA-binding motif, known as the paired box. Paired box transcription factors are important regulators in early development, and alterations in the expression of their genes are thought to contribute to neoplastic transformation. This gene encodes the B-cell lineage specific activator protein that is expressed at early, but not late stages of B-cell differentiation. Its expression has also been detected in developing CNS and testis and so the encoded protein may also play a role in neural development and spermatogenesis. This gene is located at 9p13, which is involved in t(9;14)(p13;q32) translocations recurring in small lymphocytic lymphomas of the plasmacytoid subtype, and in derived large-cell lymphomas. This translocation brings the potent E-mu enhancer
Protein Expression	Marginal zone lymphoma,
Subcellular Localization	nucleus,
Protein Function	developmental stage:Expressed at early B-cell differentiation, in the developing CNS and in adult testis.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving PAX5 is a cause of acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Translocation t(9;18)(p13;q11.2) with ZNF521. Translocation t(9;3)(p13;p14.1) with FOXP1. Translocation t(9;12)(p13;p13) with ETV6.,function:May play an important role in B-cell differentiation as well as neural development and spermatogenesis. Involved in the regulation of the CD19 gene, a B-lymphoid-specific target gene.,PTM:O-glycosylated.,similarity:Contains 1 paired domain.,subunit:Interacts with DAXX (By similarity). Binds DNA as a monomer. Binds TLE4.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.