

Immunotag™ PP2A-Aβ Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT3826
Product Description	Immunotag™ PP2A-Aβ Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	PP2A-Aβ
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,IHC-p,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.IHC-p:1:50-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from PP2A-Aβ, at AA range: 530-610
Specificity	PP2A-Aβ Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PP2A-Aβ protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	PPP2R1B
Accession No.	P30154 Q7TNP2 Q4QQT4
Alternate Names	PPP2R1B; Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A 65 kDa regulatory subunit A beta isoform; PP2A subunit A isoform PR65-beta; PP2A subunit A isoform R1-beta

Antibody Specification

Description	protein phosphatase 2 scaffold subunit Abeta(PPP2R1B) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a constant regulatory subunit of protein phosphatase 2. Protein phosphatase 2 is one of the four major Ser/Thr phosphatases, and it is implicated in the negative control of cell growth and division. It consists of a common heteromeric core enzyme, which is composed of a catalytic subunit and a constant regulatory subunit, that associates with a variety of regulatory subunits. The constant regulatory subunit A serves as a scaffolding molecule to coordinate the assembly of the catalytic subunit and a variable regulatory B subunit. This gene encodes a beta isoform of the constant regulatory subunit A. Mutations in this gene have been associated with some lung and colon cancers. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2010],
Cell Pathway/ Category	Oocyte meiosis,WNT,WNT-T CELLTGF-beta,Tight junction,Long-term depression,
Protein Expression	Testis,
Subcellular Localization	membrane raft,extracellular exosome,
Protein Function	disease:Defects in PPP2R1B might be a cause of some lung and colorectal cancers.,domain:Each HEAT repeat appears to consist of two alpha helices joined by a hydrophilic region, the intrarepeat loop. The repeat units may be arranged laterally to form a rod-like structure.,function:The PR65 subunit of protein phosphatase 2A serves as a scaffolding molecule to coordinate the assembly of the catalytic subunit and a variable regulatory B subunit.,sequence caution:Contaminating sequence. Sequence of unknown origin in the N-terminal part.,similarity:Belongs to the phosphatase 2A regulatory subunit A family.,similarity:Contains 15 HEAT repeats.,subunit:PP2A consists of a common heterodimeric core enzyme, composed of a 36 kDa catalytic subunit (subunit C) and a 65 kDa constant regulatory subunit (PR65 or subunit A), that associates with a variety of regulatory subunits. Proteins that associate with the core dimer include three families of regulatory subunits B (the R2/B/PR55/B55, R3/B''/PR72/PR130/PR59 and R5/B'/B56 families), the 48 kDa variable regulatory subunit, viral proteins, and cell signaling molecules. Interacts with IPO9. Interacts with SGOL1.,
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