

Immunotag™ Sam 68 Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT4209
Product Description	Immunotag™ Sam 68 Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	Sam 68
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human Sam 68
Specificity	Sam 68 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Sam 68 protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	KHDRBS1
Accession No.	Q07666 Q60749 Q91V33
Alternate Names	KHDRBS1; SAM68; KH domain-containing; RNA-binding, signal transduction-associated protein 1; GAP-associated tyrosine phosphoprotein p62; Src-associated in mitosis 68 kDa protein; Sam68; p21 Ras GTPase-activating protein-associated p62; p68

Antibody Specification

Description	KH RNA binding domain containing, signal transduction associated 1(KHDRBS1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the K homology domain-containing, RNA-binding, signal transduction-associated protein family. The encoded protein appears to have many functions and may be involved in a variety of cellular processes, including alternative splicing, cell cycle regulation, RNA 3'-end formation, tumorigenesis, and regulation of human immunodeficiency virus gene expression. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2012],
Protein Expression	Brain,Epithelium,Fetal brain,Lymph,
Subcellular Localization	nucleus,nucleoplasm,cytosol,membrane,Grb2-Sos complex,
Protein Function	developmental stage:Isoform 3 is only expressed in growth-arrested cells.,domain:The KH domain is required for binding to RNA.,domain:The Pro-rich domains are flanked by Arg/Gly-rich motifs which can be asymmetric dimethylated on arginine residues to give the DMA/Gly-rich regions. Selective methylation on these motifs can modulate protein-protein interactions.,function:Isoform 3, which is expressed in growth-arrested cells only, inhibits S phase.,function:Recruited and tyrosine phosphorylated by several receptor systems, for example the T-cell, leptin and insulin receptors. Once phosphorylated, functions as an adapter protein in signal transduction cascades by binding to SH2 and SH3 domain-containing proteins. Role in G2-M progression in the cell cycle. Represses CBP-dependent transcriptional activation apparently by competing with other nuclear factors for binding to CBP. Also acts as a putative regulator of mRNA stability and/or translation rates and mediates mRNA nuclear export.,PTM:Acetylated. Positively correlates with ability to bind RNA.,PTM:Arg-291, Arg-331 and Arg-346 are found to be also dimethylated, probably to asymmetric dimethylarginine.,PTM:Arginine methylation is required for nuclear localization. Also can affect interaction with other proteins. Inhibits interaction with Src-like SH3 domains, but not interaction with WW domains of WBP4/FBP21 AND FBNP4/FBP30.,PTM:Tyrosine phosphorylated by several non-receptor tyrosine kinases, for example LCK, FYN and JAK3. Negatively correlates with ability to bind RNA but required for many interactions with proteins.,sequence caution:Intron retention.,similarity:Belongs to the KHDRBS family.,similarity:Contains 1 KH domain.,subunit:Self-associates to form homooligomers when bound to RNA, oligomerization appears to be limited when binding to proteins. Interacts with CBL, KHDRBS3, LCK, GRB2, JAK3, PIK3R1, PLCG1, PTPN6, RASA1, RBMY1A1 and STAT3. Interacts with PRMT1. Binds the WW domains of WBP4/FBP21, FBNP4/FBP30 and the SH3 domain of FYN through the Arg/Gly-rich-flanked Pro-rich regions.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitously expressed in all tissue examined. Isoform 1 is expressed at lower levels in brain, skeletal muscle, and liver whereas isoform 3 is intensified in skeletal muscle and in liver.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.