

Immunotag™ Six3/6 Polyclonal Antibody

| Antibody Specification | |
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| Catalog No. | ITT4307 |
| Product Description | Immunotag™ Six3/6 Polyclonal Antibody |
| Size | 50 µg, 100 µg |
| Conjugation | HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647 |
| IMPORTANT NOTE | This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return. |
| Target Protein | Six3/6 |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Storage/Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Application | WB,IF,ELISA |
| Recommended Dilution | Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Reactive Species | Human,Mouse,Rat |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Immunogen | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SIX6. AA range:121-170 |
| Specificity | Six3/6 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Six3/6 protein. |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen |
| Form | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Gene Name | SIX6 |
| Accession No. | O95475 Q9QZ28 |
| Alternate Names | SIX6; OPTX2; SIX9; Homeobox protein SIX6; Homeodomain protein OPTX2; Optic homeobox 2; Sine oculis homeobox homolog 6 |

Antibody Specification

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| Description | SIX homeobox 6(SIX6) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a homeobox protein that is similar to the Drosophila 'sine oculis' gene product. This gene is found in a cluster of related genes on chromosome 14 and is thought to be involved in eye development. Defects in this gene are a cause of isolated microphthalmia with cataract type 2 (MCOPCT2). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], |
| Protein Expression | Eye,Pituitary, |
| Subcellular Localization | nucleus, |
| Protein Function | disease:Defects in SIX6 are the cause of microphthalmia isolated with cataract type 2 (MCOPCT2) [MIM:212550]. Microphthalmia is a clinically heterogeneous disorder of eye formation, ranging from small size of a single eye to complete bilateral absence of ocular tissues. Ocular abnormalities like opacities of the cornea and lens, scarring of the retina and choroid, cataractand other abnormalities like cataract may also be present.,function:May be involved in eye development.,similarity:Belongs to the SIX/Sine oculis homeobox family.,similarity:Contains 1 homeobox DNA-binding domain.,tissue specificity:Expressed in the developing and adult retina. Also expressed in the hypothalamic and the pituitary regions., |
| Usage | For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |