

Immunotag™ β-1,4-Gal-T5 Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT5010
Product Description	Immunotag™ β-1,4-Gal-T5 Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	β-1,4-Gal-T5
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human B4GALT5. AA range:321-370
Specificity	β-1,4-Gal-T5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of β-1,4-Gal-T5 protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	B4GALT5
Accession No.	O43286 Q9JMK0
Alternate Names	B4GALT5; Beta-1; 4-galactosyltransferase 5; Beta-1,4-GalTase 5; Beta4Gal-T5; b4Gal-T5; Beta-1,4-GalT II; UDP-Gal:beta-GlcNAc beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase 5; UDP-galactose:beta-N-acetylglucosamine beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase 5

Antibody Specification

Description	beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase 5(B4GALT5) Homo sapiens This gene is one of seven beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GalT) genes. They encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate UDP-galactose; all transfer galactose in a beta1,4 linkage to similar acceptor sugars: GlcNAc, Glc, and Xyl. Each beta4GalT has a distinct function in the biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates and saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signal sequence that directs the protein to the Golgi apparatus and which then remains uncleaved to function as a transmembrane anchor. By sequence similarity, the beta4GalTs form four groups: beta4GalT1 and beta4GalT2, beta4GalT3 and beta4GalT4, beta4GalT5 and beta4GalT6, and beta4GalT7. The function of the enzyme encoded by this gene is not clear. This gene was previously designated as B4GALT4 but was renamed
Cell Pathway/ Category	O-Glycan biosynthesis,
Protein Expression	Cerebellum,Lung,Mammary tumor,Placenta,
Subcellular Localization	Golgi membrane,integral component of membrane,Golgi cisterna membrane,extracellular exosome,
Protein Function	cofactor:Manganese.,function:Responsible for the synthesis of complex-type N-linked oligosaccharides in many glycoproteins as well as the carbohydrate moieties of glycolipids.,online information:Beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase 5,online information:GlycoGene database,pathway:Protein modification; protein glycosylation.,similarity:Belongs to the glycosyltransferase 7 family.,subcellular location:Trans cisternae of Golgi stack.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitously expressed.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.