

Immunotag™ RFC1 Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT5314
Product Description	Immunotag™ RFC1 Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	RFC1
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human RFC1.
Specificity	RFC1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of RFC1 protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	RFC1
Accession No.	P35251 P35601
Alternate Names	RFC1; RFC140; Replication factor C subunit 1; Activator 1 140 kDa subunit; A1 140 kDa subunit; Activator 1 large subunit; Activator 1 subunit 1;DNA-binding protein PO-GA; Replication factor C 140 kDa subunit; RF-C 140 kDa subunit; RFC140; Replication factor C large subunit

Antibody Specification

Description	<p>replication factor C subunit 1(RFC1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes the large subunit of replication factor C, a five subunit DNA polymerase accessory protein, which is a DNA-dependent ATPase required for eukaryotic DNA replication and repair. The large subunit acts as an activator of DNA polymerases, binds to the 3' end of primers, and promotes coordinated synthesis of both strands. It may also have a role in telomere stability. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been noted for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2011],</p>
Cell Pathway/ Category	DNA replication,Nucleotide excision repair,Mismatch repair,
Protein Expression	Blood,Epithelium,Heart,Hepatoma,Skin,Testis,Uterus,
Subcellular Localization	nucleus,nucleoplasm,DNA replication factor C complex,nucleolus,cytoplasm,extracellular exosome,
Protein Function	<p>function:Interacts with C-terminus of PCNA. 5' phosphate residue is required for binding of the N-terminal DNA-binding domain to duplex DNA, suggesting a role in recognition of non-primer template DNA structures during replication and/or repair.,function:The elongation of primed DNA templates by DNA polymerase delta and epsilon requires the action of the accessory proteins PCNA and activator 1. This subunit binds to the primer-template junction. Binds the PO-B transcription element as well as other GA rich DNA sequences. Could play a role in DNA transcription regulation as well as DNA replication and/or repair. Can bind single- or double-stranded DNA.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the activator 1 large subunit family.,similarity:Contains 1 BRCT domain.,subunit:Heterotetramer of subunits RFC2, RFC3, RFC4 and RFC5 that can form a complex either with RFC1 or with RAD17. The former interacts with PCNA in the presence of ATP, while the latter has ATPase activity but is not stimulated by PCNA.,tissue specificity:Wide tissue distribution. Undetectable in placental tissue.,</p>
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.