Immunotag[™] TPO Polyclonal Antibody

| Antibody Specification | |
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| Catalog No. | ITT5413 |
| Product Description | Immunotag™ TPO Polyclonal Antibody |
| Size | 50 μg, 100 μg |
| Conjugation | HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647 |
| IMPORTANT NOTE | This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return. |
| Target Protein | ТРО |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Storage/Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Application | WB,IHC-p,ELISA |
| Recommended Dilution | Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1/100-1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Reactive Species | Human |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Immunogen | Synthesized peptide derived from Thrombopoietin at AA range: 41-90 |
| Specificity | TPO Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of TPO protein. |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen |
| Form | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Gene Name | THPO |
| Accession No. | P40225 P40226 P49745 |
| Alternate Names | THPO; MGDF; Thrombopoietin; C-mpl ligand; ML; Megakaryocyte colony-stimulating factor; Megakaryocyte growth and development factor; MGDF; Myeloproliferative leukemia virus oncogene ligand |

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| Description | thrombopoietin(THPO) Homo sapiens Megakaryocytopoiesis is the cellular development process that leads to platelet production. The main functional protein encoded by this gene is a humoral growth factor that is necessary for megakaryocyte proliferation and maturation, as well as for thrombopoiesis. This protein is the ligand for MLP/C_MPL, the product of myeloproliferative leukemia virus oncogene. Mutations in this gene are the cause of thrombocythemia 1. Alternative promoter usage and differential splicing result in multiple transcript variants differing in the 5' UTR and/or coding region. Multiple AUG codons upstream of the main open reading frame (ORF) have been identified, and these upstream AUGs inhibit translation of the main ORF at different extent. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014], |
| Cell Pathway/ Category | Hematopoietic cell lineage, |
| Protein Expression | Brain,Fetal liver,Liver,Placenta, |
| Subcellular Localization | extracellular region,extracellular space, |
| Protein Function | disease:Defects in THPO are a cause of essential thrombocythemia (ET) [MIM:187950]. ET is inherited as an autosomal dominant trait which is characterized by elevated platelet levels due to sustained proliferation of megakaryocytes, and frequently lead to thrombotic and haemorrhagic complications.,domain:Two-domain structure with an erythropoietin-like N-terminal and a Ser/Pro/Thr-rich C-terminal.,function:Lineage-specific cytokine affecting the proliferation and maturation of megakaryocytes from their committed progenitor cells. It acts at a late stage of megakaryocyte development. It may be the major physiological regulator of circulating platelets.,similarity:Belongs to the EPO/TPO family., |
| Usage | For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

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