

Immunotag™ RGS1 Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT5559
Product Description	Immunotag™ RGS1 Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	RGS1
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from Regulator of G-protein signaling 1 at AA range: 160-209
Specificity	RGS1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of RGS1 protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	RGS1
Accession No.	Q08116 Q9JL25 P97844
Alternate Names	RGS1; 1R20; BL34; IER1; Regulator of G-protein signaling 1; RGS1; B-cell activation protein BL34; Early response protein 1R20

Antibody Specification

Description	regulator of G-protein signaling 1(RGS1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the regulator of G-protein signalling family. This protein is located on the cytosolic side of the plasma membrane and contains a conserved, 120 amino acid motif called the RGS domain. The protein attenuates the signalling activity of G-proteins by binding to activated, GTP-bound G alpha subunits and acting as a GTPase activating protein (GAP), increasing the rate of conversion of the GTP to GDP. This hydrolysis allows the G alpha subunits to bind G beta/gamma subunit heterodimers, forming inactive G-protein heterotrimers, thereby terminating the signal. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Protein Expression	B-cell,Skeletal muscle,Skin,Thymus,
Subcellular Localization	cytosol,plasma membrane,extrinsic component of cytoplasmic side of plasma membrane,
Protein Function	function:Inhibits signal transduction by increasing the GTPase activity of G protein alpha subunits thereby driving them into their inactive GDP-bound form. This protein may be involved in the regulation of B-cell activation and proliferation.,induction:In response to several B-cell activation signals.,PTM:Could be phosphorylated. Might be functionally regulated by protein kinase(s).,similarity:Contains 1 RGS domain.,tissue specificity:B-cell specific. Expression is relatively low in B-cells and chronic lymphocytic leukemia B-cells; however, in other types of malignant B-cell such as non-Hodgkin's lymphoma and hairy cell leukemia, expression is constitutively high.,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.