

Immunotag™ GRIN2D Polyclonal Antibody

Antibody Specification	
Catalog No.	ITT6149
Product Description	Immunotag™ GRIN2D Polyclonal Antibody
Size	50 µg, 100 µg
Conjugation	HRP, Biotin, FITC, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 405, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 555, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647
IMPORTANT NOTE	This product is custom manufactured with a lead time of 3-4 weeks. Once in production, this item cannot be cancelled from an order and is not eligible for return.
Target Protein	GRIN2D
Clonality	Polyclonal
Storage/Stability	-20°C/1 year
Application	WB,ELISA
Recommended Dilution	WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Reactive Species	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human GRIN2D Polyclonal
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of GRIN2D.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen
Form	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Gene Name	GRIN2D GluN2D NMDAR2D
Accession No.	O15399 Q03391 Q62645
Alternate Names	Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-4 (EB11) (N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype 2D) (NMDAR2D) (NR2D)

Antibody Specification

Description	glutamate ionotropic receptor NMDA type subunit 2D(GRIN2D) Homo sapiens N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D). [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010],
Cell Pathway/ Category	Calcium,Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction,Long-term potentiation,Alzheimer's disease,Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS),
Protein Expression	Brain,Fetal brain,
Subcellular Localization	intracellular,plasma membrane,integral component of membrane,NMDA selective glutamate receptor complex,cell junction,postsynaptic membrane,
Protein Function	function:NMDA receptor subtype of glutamate-gated ion channels with high calcium permeability and voltage-dependent sensitivity to magnesium. Mediated by glycine.,similarity:Belongs to the glutamate-gated ion channel (TC 1.A.10) family.,subunit:Interacts with PDZ domains of INADL and DLG4 (By similarity). Forms heteromeric channel of a zeta subunit (GRIN1), a epsilon subunit (GRIN2A, GRIN2B, GRIN2C or GRIN2D) and a third subunit (GRIN3A or GRIN3B).,
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.