

## β-Amyloid (25-35)

DATASHEET Version: 2016-08-18

Cat. No.: RP10008-1

Size: 1 mg

**Alias:** βAmyloid; b-Amyloid; bAmyloid; beta-Amyloid; betaAmyloid

## **Description:**

Beta-amyloid protein (Abeta), a major component of senile plaques of Alzheimer's disease (AD) in the brain, causes elevation of the intracellular free Ca<sup>2+</sup> level and the production of robust free radicals. Beta-amyloid 25-35 induced apoptosis, characterized by decreased cell viability, neuronal DNA condensation, and fragmentation, is associated with an increase in intracellular free Ca<sup>2+</sup> level, the accumulation of reactive oxygen species (ROS), and the activation of caspase-3. All of these effects induced by beta-amyloid 25-35 are reversed by genistein.

Cas No: 131602-53-4

## Sequence (one-letter code):

GSNKGAIIGLM

## Sequence (three-letter code):

{GLY}{SER}{ASN}{LYS}{GLY}{ALA}{ILE}{ILE}{GLY}{LEU}{ME T}

**Solubility:** The peptide is soluble in water. The contents of this vial have been accurately determined. Both the stopper and the vial have been siliconized. Do not attempt to weight out a smaller portion of the contents.

Formula: C45H81N13O14S1

Molecular Weight: 1,060.27

**Purity:** > 95%

Storage: Store the peptide at -20°C

Note:

\*For Non-Clinical Research Use Only \*