

**DATASHEET**  
Version 20181206**BAFF-R, Human****Cat. No.:** Z02725-1**Size:** 1.0 mg**Synonyms:** BAFF Receptor (BAFF-R), Human;**Description:**

BAFF Receptor (BAFF-R), a member of the TNFR superfamily, is highly expressed in spleen, lymph node, and resting B cells and to some extent in activated B cells, resting CD4<sup>+</sup> cells and peripheral blood leukocytes. BAFF-R is a type III transmembrane protein that binds with high specificity to BAFF (TNFSF13B). BAFF-R/BAFF signaling plays a critical role in B cell survival and maturation.

**Amino Acid Sequence:**

00001 MRRGPRSLRG RDAPATPCV PAECFDLLVR HCVACGLLRT  
00041 PRPKPAGASS PAPRTALQPQ ESGAGAGEA ALPLPG

**Source:** *E. coli***Species:** Human

**Biological Activity:** Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED<sub>50</sub> as determined by its ability to block BAFF induced mouse splenocyte survival is 1.0-5.0 µg/ml in the presence of 1.0 µg/ml of rHuBAFF.

**Molecular Weight:** Approximately 7.8 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 76 amino acids.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH 8.0, 500 mM NaCl.

**Appearance:** Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

**Reconstitution:** We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

**Purity:** > 95 % by reduced SDS-PAGE analyses.

**Endotoxin Level:** Less than 1 EU/µg of rHuBAFF-R as determined by LAL method.

**Storage:** This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-8 °C, but should be kept at -20 °C for long term storage, preferably desiccated. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8 °C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20 °C to -70 °C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.