

DATASHEET
Version 20181206**G-CSF, Human(CHO-expressed)****Cat. No.:** Z02980-10**Size:** 10.0 ug**Synonyms:** Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor, CSF-3, MGI-1G, GM-CSF beta, pluripoietin.**Description:**

Human Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) contains internal disulfide bonds. Among the family of colony-stimulating factors, Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) is the most potent inducer of terminal differentiation to granulocytes and macrophages of leukemic myeloid cell lines. The synthesis of Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) can be induced by bacterial endotoxins, TNF, Interleukin-1 and GM-CSF. Prostaglandin E2 inhibits the synthesis of Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF). In epithelial, endothelial, and fibroblastic cells, the secretion of Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) is induced by Interleukin-17.

Amino Acid Sequence:

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00001 TPLGPASSLP QSFLKCLEQ VRKIQGDGAA LQEKLCATYK
00041 LCHPEELVLL GHSLGIPWAP LSSCPSQALQ LAGCLSQLHS
00081 GLFLYQGLLQ ALEGISPELG PTLDTLQLDV ADFATTIWQQ
00121 MEELGMAPAL QPTQGAMPAF ASAFQRRAGG VLVASHLQSF
00161 LEVSYRVLRLH LAQP
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Source: CHO**Species:** Human**Biological Activity:** ED₅₀ < 0.1 ng/ml, determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of the proliferation of murine M-NFS-60 cells, corresponding to a specific activity of >1 x 10⁷ units/mg.**Molecular Weight:** 18.7kDa, observed by non-reducing SDS-PAGE.**Formulation:** Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.**Reconstitution:** Reconstituted in ddH₂O or PBS at 100 µg/ml.**Purity:** > 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE and HPLC.**Endotoxin Level:** <0.2 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.**Storage:** Lyophilized recombinant human Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) remains stable up to 6 months at lower than -70°C from date of receipt. Upon reconstitution, rhG-CSF should be stable up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 2 months at -20°C.