

DATASHEET Version 20181206

EGF R, His, Human

Cat. No.: Z03202-50 Size: 50.0 ug

Synonyms: ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Description:

EGF Receptor, also known as ERBB, ERBB1 and HER1, is a type I transmembrane protein belonging to the tyrosine protein kinase family. It binds to a subset of EGF family ligands, including EGF, TGF-alpha, amphiregulin, EPGN, BTC, EREG and HBEGF. Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- or hetero-dimerization, which induces downstream kinase activation, tyrosine phosphorylation and cell signaling. EGF receptor signaling has been shown to regulate cell proliferation, differentiation, motility and apoptosis.

Amino Acid Sequence:

00001 LEEKKVCQGT SNKLTQLGTF EDHFLSLQRM FNNCEVVLGN 00041 LEITYVQRNY DLSFLKTIQE VAGYVLIALN TVERIPLENL 00081 QIIRGNMYYE NSYALAVLSN YDANKTGLKE LPMRNLQEIL 00121 HGAVRFSNNP ALCNVESIQW RDIVSSDFLS NMSMDFQNHL 00161 GSCQKCDPSC PNGSCWGAGE ENCQKLTKII CAQQCSGRCR 00201 GKSPSDCCHN QCAAGCTGPR ESDCLVCRKF RDEATCKDTC 00241 PPLMLYNPTT YOMDVNPEGK YSEGATCVKK CPRNYVVTDH 00281 GSCVRACGAD SYEMEEDGVR KCKKCEGPCR KVCNGIGIGE 00321 FKDSLSINAT NIKHFKNCTS ISGDLHILPV AFRGDSFTHT 00361 PPLDPQELDI LKTVKEITGF LLIQAWPENR TDLHAFENLE 00401 IIRGRTKQHG QFSLAVVSLN ITSLGLRSLK EISDGDVIIS 00441 GNKNLCYANT INWKKLFGTS GQKTKIISNR GENSCKATGQ 00481 VCHALCSPEG CWGPEPRDCV SCRNVSRGRE CVDKCNLLEG 00521 EPREFVENSE CIOCHPECLP QAMNITCTGR GPDNCIQCAH 00561 YIDGPHCVKT CPAGVMGENN TLVWKYADAG HVCHLCHPNC 00601 TYGCTGPGLE GCPTNGPKIP SHHHHHH

Source: CHO

Species: Human

Biological Activity: ED_{50} < 1 µg/ml, measured in a bioassay using 3T3 cells in the presence of 25 pg/ml human EGF.

Molecular Weight: 95-115 kDa, observed by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Formulation: Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.

Reconstitution: Reconstituted in ddH₂O or PBS at 100 µg/ml.

Purity: > 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Level: < 0.2 EU/ μ g, determined by LAL method.

Storage: Lyophilized recombinant human EGF Receptor, Hisremains stable up to 6 months at lower than -70°C from date of receipt. Upon reconstitution, human EGF Receptor, His should be stable up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 2 months at -20°C.

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