

## **DATASHEET** Version 20181206

## M-CSF, Rat

Cat. No.: Z03301-50

Size: 50.0 ug

**Synonyms**: Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor, CSF-1. M-CSF

## **Description:**

Macrophage-Colony Stimulating Factor (M-CSF), also known as Colony Stimulating Factor-1 (CSF-1), can stimulate the survival, proliferation and differentiation of mononuclear phagocytes, in addition to the spreading and motility of macrophages. M-CSF is mainly produced by monocytes, macrophages, fibroblasts, and endothelial cells. Interaction of M-CSF with its receptor, c-fms, has been implicated in the growth, invasion, and metastasis of several types of cancer, including breast and endometrial cancer. Recombinant Rat Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (M-CSF) produced in E.coli is a disulfidelinked homodimer containing two non-glycosylated polypeptide chains of 155 amino acids each. A fully biologically active molecule, rrM-CSF has a molecular mass of 28 kDa analyzed by reducing SDS-PAGE and is obtained by chromatographic techniques at GenScript.

Source: E. coli

**Biological Activity**:  $ED_{50} < 5$  ng/ml, measured in a cell proliferation assay using Murine M-NFS-60 cells, corresponding to a specific activity of >  $2 \times 10^5$  units/mg.

**Molecular Weight**: 28 kDa, observed by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Formulation**: Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against 50mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0.

**Reconstitution**: Reconstituted in  $ddH_2O$  at 100  $\mu g/ml$ .

Purity: > 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin Level**: < 0.2 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

**Storage**: Lyophilized recombinant Rat Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor(M-CSF) remains stable up to 6 months at lower than -70°C from date of receipt. Upon reconstitution, Rat M-CSF should be stable up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C.