

Product Name : Myriocin

Synonyms : ——

Cat No. : M21879

CAS Number : 35891-70-4

Molecular Formula : C21H39NO6

Formula Weight : 401.54

Chemical Name : ----

Description

Myriocin, a fungal metabolite isolated from Myriococcum albomyces, Isaria sinclairi and Mycelia sterilia, is a potent inhibitor of serine-palmitoyl-transferase (SPT) and a key enzyme in de novo synthesis of sphingolipids. Myriocin strongly suppresses

replication of both the subgenomic HCV-1b replicon and the JFH-1 strain of genotype 2a infectious HCV, with an IC50 of 3.5

replication of both the subgenomic HCV-16 replicon and the JFH-1 strain of genotype 2a infectious HCV, with an ICSO of 3. µg/mL for inhibiting HCV infection.

Pathway : Microbiology/Virology

Target : HCV

Receptor : —

Solubility : DMSO: 5 mg/mL (12.45 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

 $\hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{SMILES} \hspace{1.5cm} : \hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{CCCCCCC(CCCCCC/C=C/C[C@@H](O)[C@H](O)[C@](CO)(N)C(O)=O)=O} \\$

Storage : (-20°C)

Stability : ≥ 2 years

Reference :

1. He Q, et al. Inhibition of serine palmitoyltransferase by myriocin, a natural mycotoxin, causes induction of c-myc in mouse liver. Mycopathologia. 2004 Apr;157(3):339-47. 2. Ameniya F, et al. Targeting lipid metabolism in the treatment of hepatitis C virus infection. J Infect Dis. 2008 Feb 1;197(3):361-70. 3. Ciesek S, et al. The suppressive effect that myriocin has on hepatitis C virus RNA replication is independent of inhibition of serine palmitoyl transferase. J Infect Dis. 2008 Oct 1;198(7):1091-3.