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## Recombinant human Histone Deacetylase 2/HDAC2 protein

Catalog Number: ATGP1154

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

## **Expression system**

Baculovirus

#### **Domain**

1-488aa

#### **UniProt No.**

092769

#### **NCBI Accession No.**

NP 001518.3

#### **Alternative Names**

Histone deacetylase 2, HD2, RPD3, YAF1, KDAC2, Protein deacylase HDAC2

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### **Molecular Weight**

56.4 kDa (496aa)

#### Concentration

0.25mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

#### **Formulation**

Liquid in. 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 20% glycerol, 0.1M NaCl,1mM DTT, 0.1mM PMSF

#### **Purity**

> 85% by SDS-PAGE

#### **Endotoxin level**

< 1 EU per 1ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

#### Tag

His-Tag

## **Application**

SDS-PAGE

## **Storage Condition**

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### **Description**

HDAC2 belongs to the histone deacetylase family that act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes and are responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal region of the core histones. It forms transcriptional repressor complexes by associating with many different proteins, including YY1, a mammalian zinc-finger transcription factor. It also plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression



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and developmental events. Recombinant human HDAC2 protein was expressed with c-terminal His-tag in high-5 cells using baculovirus expression system and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

## **Amino acid Sequence**

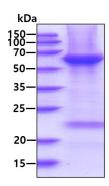
MAYSQGGGKK KVCYYYDGDI GNYYYGQGHP MKPHRIRMTH NLLLNYGLYR KMEIYRPHKA TAEEMTKYHS DEYIKFLRSI RPDNMSEYSK QMQRFNVGED CPVFDGLFEF CQLSTGGSVA GAVKLNRQQT DMAVNWAGGL HHAKKSEASG FCYVNDIVLA ILELLKYHQR VLYIDIDIHH GDGVEEAFYT TDRVMTVSFH KYGEYFPGTG DLRDIGAGKG KYYAVNFPMR DGIDDESYGQ IFKPIISKVM EMYQPSAVVL QCGADSLSGD RLGCFNLTVK GHAKCVEVVK TFNLPLLMLG GGGYTIRNVA RCWTYETAVA LDCEIPNELP YNDYFEYFGP DFKLHISPSN MTNQNTPEYM EKIKQRLFEN LRMLPHAPGV QMQAIPEDAV HEDSGDEDGE DPDKRISIRA SDKRIACDEE FSDSEDEGEG GRRNVADHKK GAKKARIEED KKETEDKKTD VKEEDKSKDN SGEKTDTKGT KSEQLSNP<SR HHHHHHH>

#### **General References**

Betz R. et al. (1998) Genomics. 52:245-6. Taunton J. et al. (1996) Science 272:408-11

## **DATA**

#### **SDS-PAGE**



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.

