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## Recombinant human Crystallin gamma S/CRYGS protein

Catalog Number: ATGP1205

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

## **Expression system**

E.coli

#### **Domain**

1-178aa

#### **UniProt No.**

P22914

#### **NCBI Accession No.**

NP 060011

#### **Alternative Names**

Beta-crystallin S, CRYG8, Gamma-crystallin S, Gamma-S-crystallin

### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

### **Molecular Weight**

23.6 kDa (202aa) confirmed by MALDI-TOF

#### Concentration

1mg/ml (determined by absorbance at 280nm)

#### **Formulation**

Liquid in. 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 1mM DTT, 0.1M NaCl.

#### **Purity**

> 95% by SDS-PAGE

#### Tag

His-Tag

## **Application**

SDS-PAGE

## **Storage Condition**

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### **Description**

Crystallins are water soluble structural proteins found in the vertebrate eye. Mammalian crystallins are classified in three forms, designated alplha, beta and gamma. Crystallins, as the principal components of the lens, function to increase the refractive index of the eye during accommodation by forming high-molecular weight aggregates which maintain transparency. CRYGS, also known as beta-crystallin S, is exists as a monomer which does not aggregate. This gene encodes the most significant gamma-crystallin in adult eye lens tissue. Whether due to aging or mutations in specific genes, gamma-crystallins have been involved in cataract formation. Recombinant



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human CRYGS protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E. coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

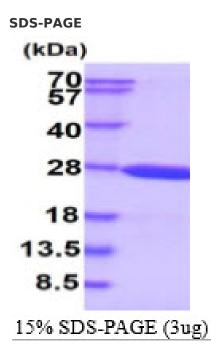
## **Amino acid Sequence**

MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSHMSKTGT KITFYEDKNF QGRRYDCDCD CADFHTYLSR CNSIKVEGGT WAVYERPNFA GYMYILPQGE YPEYQRWMGL NDRLSSCRAV HLPSGGQYKI QIFEKGDFSG QMYETTEDCP SIMEQFHMRE IHSCKVLEGV WIFYELPNYR GRQYLLDKKE YRKPIDWGAA SPAVQSFRRI VE

## **General References**

Sun H., et al. (2005) J Med Genet. 42(9):706-10. Jester JV., et al. (2008) Semin Cell Dev Biol. 19(2):82-93.

## **DATA**



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.

