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## Recombinant human GAD1/GAD67 protein

Catalog Number: ATGP2642

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

## **Expression system**

E.coli

#### **Domain**

1-224aa

#### **UniProt No.**

099259

#### **NCBI Accession No.**

NP 038473.2

## **Alternative Names**

Glutamate decarboxylase 1 isoform GAD25, Glutamate decarboxylase 1 (brain, 67kDa), CPSQ1, GAD, SCP

## **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

## **Molecular Weight**

27.7 kDa (247aa)

#### Concentration

0.5mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

#### **Formulation**

Liquid in. 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol, 0.4M urea

#### **Purity**

> 85% by SDS-PAGE

#### Tag

His-Tag

#### **Application**

SDS-PAGE, Denatured

## **Storage Condition**

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

## **BACKGROUND**

### **Description**

GAD1 is one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major autoantigen in insulindependent diabetes. It is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantigen and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This protien may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Deficiency in this enzyme has been shown to lead to pyridoxine dependency with seizures. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two products, the predominant 67-kD form and a less-



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frequent 25-kD form. Recombinant human GAD1 protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E. coli.

## **Amino acid Sequence**

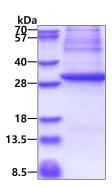
<MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGS>MASSTPS SSATSSNAGA DPNTTNLRPT TYDTWCGVAH GCTRKLGLKI CGFLQRTNSL EEKSRLVSAF KERQSSKNLL SCENSDRDAR FRRTETDFSN LFARDLLPAK NGEEQTVQFL LEVVDILLNY VRKTFDRSTK VLDFHHPHQL LEGMEGFNLE LSDHPESLEQ ILVDCRDTLK YGVRTGHPRF FNQLSTGLDI IGLAGEWLTS TANTNMPSDM RECWLLR

#### **General References**

Chessler S.D., Lernmark A., et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275:5188-5192.

## **DATA**

#### **SDS-PAGE**



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.

