

# Recombinant human Hexokinase 2 protein

Catalog Number: HXK0703

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

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**Expression system**

E.coli

**Domain**

1-917aa

**UniProt No.**

P52789

**NCBI Accession No.**

NP\_000180

**Alternative Names**

HK2, Hexokinase 2, EC 2.7.1.1, Hexokinase type II, HK II, Muscle form hexokinase, Hexokinase-2, hexokinase 2,

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

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**Molecular Weight**

104.1 kDa (937aa)

**Concentration**

1mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

**Formulation**

Liquid in. 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 10% glycerol

**Purity**

> 85% by SDS-PAGE

**Biological Activity**

Specific activity is > 12,000pmol/min/ug. One unit will convert 1pmole of D-Glucose to D-Glucose-6-phosphate per minute at pH8.0 at 37C.

**Tag**

His-Tag

**Application**

SDS-PAGE, Enzyme Activity

**Storage Condition**

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

## BACKGROUND

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**Description**

Hexokinase is the first enzyme in the glycolytic pathway, catalyzing the transfer of a phosphoryl group from ATP to glucose to form glucose-6-phosphate and ADP. In mammals, four distinct enzymes-types 1 to 4 hexokinases have been identified. The enzyme is found in most cells, but there is tissue specificity for the particular type of

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hexokinase. Hexokinase2 is found in the skeletal muscle and includes hydrophobic N-terminal sequence capable of targeting the hexokinase to mitochondria. Recombinant human Hexokinase2, fused to His tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E. coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

## Amino acid Sequence

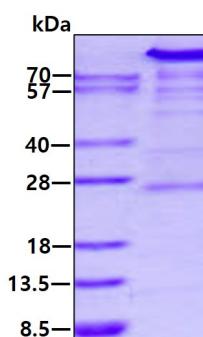
```
<MGSSHHHHHSSGLVPRGSH> MIASHLLAYF FTELNHDQVQ KVDQYLYHMR LSDETLLEIS KRFRKEMEKG  
LGATTHPTAA VKMLPTFVRS TPDGTEHGEF LALDLGGTNF RVLWVKVTDN GLQKVEMENQ IYAIPEDEIMR GSGTQLFDHI  
AECLANFMDK LQIKDKKLPL GFTFSFPCHQ TKLDESFLVS WTKGFKSSGV EGRDVVALIR KAIQRRGDFD IDIVAVVNDT  
VGTMMTCGYD DHNCEIGLIV GTGSNACYME EMRHIDMVEG DEGRMCINME WGAFGDDGSL NDIRTEFDQE  
IDMGSNPGK QLFEKMSGM YMGEVLRLIL VKMAKEELLF GGKLSPELLN TGRFETKDIS DIEGEKDGIR KAREVLMRLG  
LDPTQEDCVA THRICQIVST RSASLCAATL AAVLQRIKEN KGEERLRSTI GVDGSVYKKH PHFAKRLHKT VRRLVPGCDV  
RFLRSEDGSG KGAAMVTAVA YRLADQHRAR QKTLLEHLQLS HDQLLEVKR MKVEMERGLS KETHASAPVK MLPTYVCATP  
DGTEKGDFLA LDLGGTNFRV LLVRVRNGKW GGVEMHNKIY AIPQEVMHGT GDELFDHIVQ CIADFLEYMG MKGVSLPLGF  
TFSFPCQQNS LDESILLKWT KGFKASGCEG EDVVTLLKEA IHRREEFDLD VVAVVNDTVG TMMTCGFEDP HCEVGLIVGT  
GSNACYMEEM RNVELVEGEE GRMCVNMEWG AFGDNGCLDD FRTEFDVAVD ELSLNPGKQR FEKMISGMYL GEIVRNILID  
FTKRGLLFRG RISERLKTRG IFETKFLSQI ESDCLALLQV RAILQHLGLE STCDDSIIVK EVCTVVARRA AQLCGAGMAA  
VVDRIRENRG LDALKTVGV DGTLYKLHPH FAKVMHETVK DLAPKCDVVF LQSEDGSGKG AALITAVACR IREAGQR
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## General References

- Jon E. et al.,(2003) J.Exp Biology. 206 : 2049-2057.  
Furuta H. et al.,(1996) Genomics. 36(1):206-9.

## DATA

### SDS-PAGE



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.