

# Recombinant mouse PRMT1 protein

Catalog Number: PRM0801

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

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### Expression system

E.coli

### Domain

1-353aa

### UniProt No.

Q9JIF0

### NCBI Accession No.

NP\_001239405.1

### Alternative Names

Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 1 isoform 2, Histone-arginine N-methyltransferase PRMT1, Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins methyltransferase-like 2, Hrmt1l2, Mrmt1

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

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### Molecular Weight

84 kDa (750aa)

### Concentration

1mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

### Formulation

Liquid in. 40mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 100mM NaCl, 4mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 2mM DTT, 40% glycerol

### Purity

> 90% by SDS-PAGE

### Biological Activity

Specific activity is > 30nmol/min/mg, and is defined as the amount of enzyme that transfer 1.0nmole of methyl group per minute at 37C.

### Tag

His-MBP-Tag

### Application

SDS-PAGE, Enzyme Activity

### Storage Condition

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

## BACKGROUND

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### Description

Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 1 (PRMT1) is a type I methyltransferase that transfers a methyl group from S-adenosylmethionine to guanidino nitrogens of arginine residues to form monomethylarginine and asymmetric

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dimethylarginine. Functions of type I arginine methylation in proteins may include regulation of transcription, modulation of the affinity of nucleic acid-binding proteins, regulation of interferon signaling pathways, and targeting of nuclear proteins. Mouse PRMT1 (AAF37293) shares 99.9% sequence identity with the human proteins (NP\_938074). Recombinant mouse PRMT1, fused to His-MBP tag at N-terminus, was expressed in *E. coli* and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

## Amino acid Sequence

MHHHHHMKI EEGKLVWIN GDKGYNGLAE VGKKFEKDTG IKVTVHEHPDK LEEKFPQVAA TGDGPDIIFW AHDRFGGYAQ SGLLAEITPD KAFQDKLYPF TWDVRYNGK LIAYPIAVEA LSLIYNKDLL PNPPKTWEEI PALDKELKAK GKSALMFNLQ EPYFTWPLIA ADGGYAFKYE NGKYDIKDVG VDNAGAKAGL TFLVDLIK NK HMNADTDYSI AEAAFNKGET AMTINGPWAW SNIDTSKVNY GVTVLPTFKG QPSKPFVGV L SAGINAASPN KELAKEFLEN YLLTDEGLEA VNKDKPLGAV ALKSYEEELA KDPRIAATME NAQKGEIMPN IPQMSAFWYA VRTAVINAAS GRQTVDEALK DAQTNSSSN NNNNNNNNLG IEGRGSHMAA AEAANCIMEV SCGQAESSEK PNAEDMTSKD YYFDSYAHFG IHEEMLKDEV RLTLYRNSMF HNRHLFKDKV VLDVGS GTI LCMFAAKAGA RKVIGIECSS ISDYAVKIVK ANKLDHVVTI IKGKVEEVEL PVEKVDIIS EWMGYCLFYE SMLNTVLHAR DKWLAPDGLI FPDRATLYVT AIEDRQYKDY KIHWWENVY G FDMSCIKDVA IKEPLVDVVD PKQLVTNA CL IKEVDIYTVK VEDLTFTSPF CLQVKRNDYV HALVAYFNIE FTRCHKRTGF STSPESPYTH WKQTVFYMED YLTVKTGEEI FGTIGMRPNA KNNRDLDF TI DLDFKQLCE LSCSTDYRMR

## General References

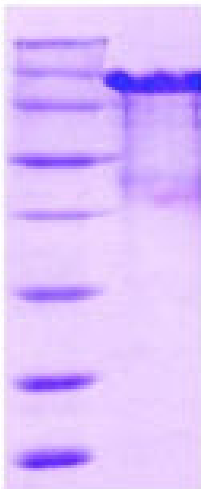
Herrmann F., et al. (2005). *J Biol Chem.* 280(45):38005-10.  
 Abramovich C., et al. (1997). *EMBO J.* 16(2):260-6.

## DATA

### SDS-PAGE

(kDa)

150  
100  
70  
50  
35  
25  
20  
15



3ug by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.

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 15% SDS-PAGE (3ug)