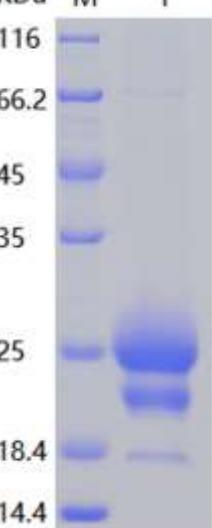
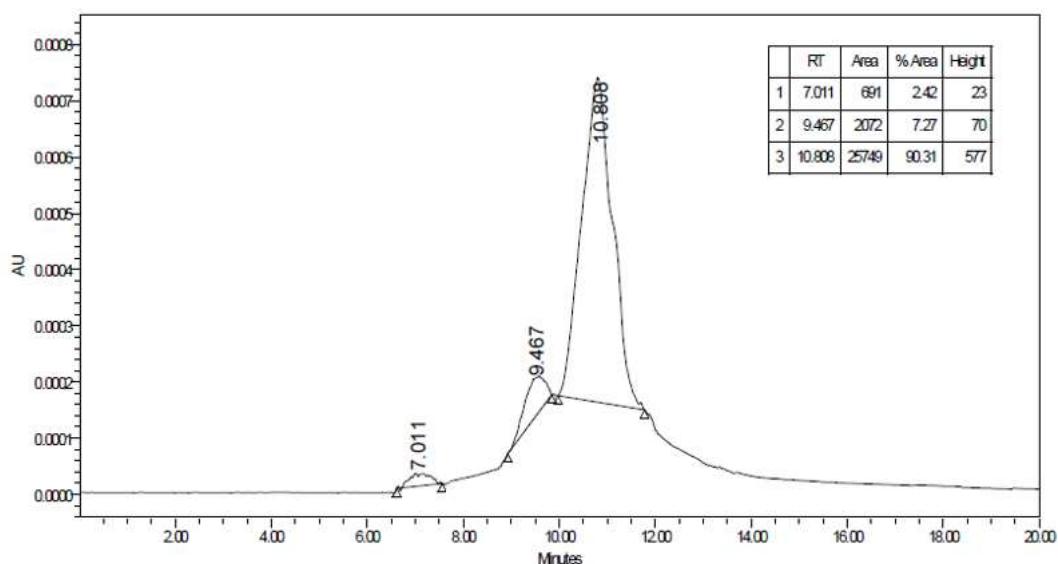


**Recombinant Mouse Interleukin-17F/IL-17F (C-His)**

Catalog No: BP083

<b>Description</b>	Recombinant Mouse Interleukin-17F is produced by Human 293 Cells. The target gene encoding R29-A161 is expressed with an 8His tag at the C terminus.																								
<b>Expression System</b>	Human																								
<b>Alternative name</b>	Interleukin-17F; IL-17F; Cytokine ML-1; Interleukin-24; IL-24; IL17F; IL24																								
<b>Accession No.</b>	Q7TNI7																								
<b>Predicted Molecular Weight</b>	19kDa																								
<b>Apparent Molecular Weight</b>	IL-17F appeared between 18.4-26kDa in a reducing SDS-PAGE gel																								
<b>Quality Control</b>	Purity: greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Endotoxin: less than 0.1 ng/µg (1 EU/µg) as determined by TAL test.																								
<b>Formulation</b>	PBS, pH 7.4																								
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.																								
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.																								
<b>Storage</b>	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.																								
<b>Background</b>	Interleukin-17F (IL-17F) is a secreted disulfide-linked homodimer that belongs to the IL-17 family. IL-17F is expressed in activated CD4+ T-cells and activated monocytes. IL-17 is commonly associated with allergic responses. It mediates the induction of neutrophilia in the lungs and the exacerbation of antigen-induced pulmonary allergic inflammation. IL-17 stimulates the production of other cytokines such as IL-6, IL-8 and granulocyte colony-stimulating factor, and can regulate cartilage matrix turnover. It is also found to inhibit the angiogenesis of endothelial cells and induce endothelial cells to produce IL2, TGFB1/TGFB, and monocyte chemoattractant protein-1.																								
<b>SDS-PAGE</b>	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>KDa</td> <td>M</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>116</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>66.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>45</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>35</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>25</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>18.4</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>14.4</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>M: Marker 1: Sample in reducing conditions</p> 	KDa	M	1	116			66.2			45			35			25			18.4			14.4		
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**HPLC**

IL-17F dimer with 90% purity