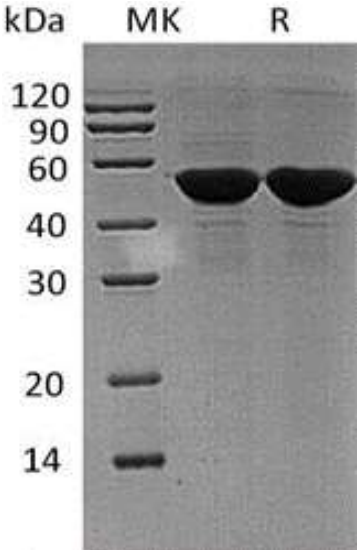
Recombinant Human PDIA6 (C-6His)

Catalog No: C526

Description	Recombinant Human Protein Disulfide-Isomerase A6 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Leu20-Leu440 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Source	Human Cells
Alternative name	Protein Disulfide-Isomerase A6; Endoplasmic Reticulum Protein 5; ER Protein 5; ERp5; Protein Disulfide Isomerase P5; Thioredoxin Domain-Containing Protein 7; PDIA6; ERP5; P5; TXNDC7
Accession No.	Q15084
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM TrisHCl, 150mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Quality Control	Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 IEU/μg) as determined by LAL test.
Shipping	The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Storage	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Background	Protein Disulfide-Isomerase A6 (PDIA6) is a 48.5kDa protein that belongs to the protein disulfide isomerase family (PDI). PDIA6 is an enzyme in the endoplasmic reticulum in eukaryotes which catalyzes the formation and breakage of disulfide bonds between cysteine residues within proteins as they fold. The PDIA6 expressed in platelets, its functions as a chaperone that inhibits aggregation of misfolded proteins. PDIA6 is part a large chaperone multiprotein complex comprising DNAJB11, HSP90B1, HSPA5, HYOU, PDIA2, PDIA4, PDIA6, PPIB, SDF2L1, UGT1A1. PDIA6 also plays a role in platelet aggregation and activation by agonists such as convulxin, collagen and thrombin.

SDS-Page



MK: Marker

R: Sample under reducing conditions