Recombinant Human SEMG1 (C-6His)
Catalog No: C638

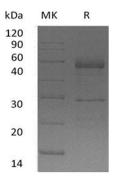|	
Description	Recombinant Human Semenogelin-1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln24-Thr402 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Source	Human Cells
Alternative name	Semenogelin-1; Semenogelin I; SGI; SEMG1; SEMG; Alpha-Inhibin-92; Alpha-Inhibin-31; Seminal Basic Protein
Accession No.	AAH07096.1
Predicted Molecular Weight	43.8kDa
AP Molecular Weight	29-54kDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Hac-NaAc, 150mM NaCl, pH 4.5.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Quality Control	Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 IEU/μg) as determined by LAL test.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Background	Semenogelin-1 (SEMG1) is the predominant protein in semen; it is a secretory protein involved in the formation of a gel matrix entrapping the accessory gland secretions and ejaculated spermatozoa. The prostate-specific antigen (PSA) protease processes SEMG1 into smaller peptides, each possibly having a separate function. In the proteolysis process, Alpha-inhibin-92 and alpha-inhibin-31 are produced; they inhibit the secretion of pituitary follicle-stimulating hormone. At the same time, it breaks down the gel matrix, allowing the spermatozoa to move more freely.

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