

Recombinant Human SORD

Catalog No: C885

Description Recombinant Human Sorbitol Dehydrogenase is produced by our Mammalian expression system

and the target gene encoding Ala2-Pro357 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Source Human Cells

Alternative name Sorbitol Dehydrogenase; L-Iditol 2-Dehydrogenase; SORD

Accession No. Q00796

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM TrisHCl,0.2M NaCl,5mM DTT,20% glycerol,pH8.0.

Quality Control Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 EU/μg)

Shipping The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs.

Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months after receipt.

Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Amino Acid Sequence

AAAAKPNNLSLVVHGPGDLRLENYPIPEPGPNEVLLRMHSVGICGSDVHYWEYGRIGNFIVKKPMVL

GHEASGTVEKVGSSVK

HLKPGDRVAIEPGAPRENDEFCKMGRYNLSPSIFFCATPPDDGNLCRFYKHNAAFCYKLPDNVTFEE

GALIEPLSVGIHACRRGG

VTLGHKVLVCGAGPIGMVTLLVAKAMGAAQVVVTDLSATRLSKAKEIGADLVLQISKESPQEIARKVE

GQLGCKPEVTIECTGAE

ASIQAGIYATRSGGTLVLVGLGSEMTTVPLLHAAIREVDIKGVFRYCNTWPVAISMLASKSVNVKPLVT

HRFPLEKALEAFETFKK GLGLKIMLKCDPSDQNPVDHHHHHH

Background

Sorbitol dehydrogenase, also known as L-iditol 2-dehydrogenase and SORD, is a member of the zinc-containing alcohol dehydrogenase family. SORD exsits in a homotetramer and binds one zinc ion per subunit. SORD is expressed in kidney and epithelial cells of both benign and malignant prostate tissue. SORD can converts sorbitol to fructose and catalyzes the interconversion of polyols and their corresponding ketoses, and together with aldose reductase to make up the sorbitol pathway. SORD is up-regulated by androgens and down- regulated by castration. SORD may play a role in the sperm motility by providing an energetic source for sperm.

SDS-PAGE



