

Recombinant Human SIAE (C-6His)

Catalog No: CA18

Description	Recombinant Human Sialate O-Acetyltransferase is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Ile24-Lys523 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Expression System	Human cells
Alternative name	Sialate O-Acetyltransferase; H-Lse; Sialic Acid-Specific 9-O-Acetyltransferase; SIAE; YSG2
Accession No.	Q9HAT2
Predicted Molecular Weight	57kDa
Apparent Molecular Weight	55-80kDa, reducing conditions.
Quality Control	Purity: greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Endotoxin: less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 EU/μg) as determined by LAL test.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 7.5.
Shipping	The product is shipped on dry ice pack. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Background	Sialate O-Acetyltransferase (SIAE) belongs to the family of hydrolases, specifically those acting on carboxylic ester bonds. SIAE is widely expressed with high expression levels in the testis, prostate, and colon. SIAE catalyzes N-acetyl-O-acetylneuraminate and H ₂ O to N-acetylneuraminate and acetate. SIAE removes O- acetyl ester groups from position 9 of the parent sialic acid, N-acetylneuraminic acid. SIAE down-regulates B lymphocyte antigen receptor signaling (involving CD22), and is required for immunological tolerance. Loss of function mutations in SIAE are much more frequently found in humans with autoimmune diseases especially rheumatoid arthritis and type 1 diabetes.

SDS-PAGE

