

Recombinant Human TGFβ-1

Catalog No: CA59

Description Recombinant Human Transforming Growth Factor beta 1 is produced by our Mammalian expression

system and the target gene encoding Ala279-Ser390 is expressed.

Source CHO Stable Cells

Alternative name Transforming Growth Factor Beta-1; TGF-Beta-1; Latency-Associated Peptide; LAP; TGFB1; TGFB

Accession No. P01137

Quality Control Purity: >95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: <1.0 EU per µg

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mM Glycine 50mM NaCl pH4.0.

Reconstitution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature.

Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

Storage Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples

are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

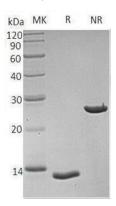
Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.

Background Transforming Growth Factor β-1 (TGFβ-1) is a secreted protein which belongs to the TGF-β family.

TGF β -1 is abundantly expressed in bone, articular cartilage and chondrocytes and is increased in osteoarthritis (OA). TGF β -1 performs many cellular functions, including the control of cell growth, cell proliferation, cell differentiation and apoptosis. The precursor is cleaved into a latency-associated peptide (LAP) and a mature TGF β -1 peptide. TGF β -1 may also form heterodimers with other TGF β family members. It has been found that TGF β -1 is frequently upregulated in tumor cells. Mutations

in this gene results in Camurati-Engelmann disease.

SDS-PAGE



R. Reducing sample NR. Non-reducing sample

Bioactivity

Measured by its ability to inhibit the IL-4-dependent proliferation of TF-1 human erythroleukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 4-40 pg/ml.

