

Recombinant Human NKG2A

Catalog No: CB20

Description Recombinant Human NKG2-A/NKG2-B Type II Integral Membrane Protein is produced by our Mammalian

expression system and the target gene encoding Arg100-Leu233 is expressed with a 8His tag at the N-

terminus.

Source **Human Cells**

NKG2-A/NKG2-B type II integral membrane protein; CD159 antigen-like family member A; NK cell **Alternative name**

receptor A; NKG2-A/B-activating NK receptor; CD159a; KLRC1; NKG2A

Accession No. P26715

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Quality Control Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

> Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 ng/µg (1 IEU/µg) as determined by LAL test.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature.

Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. **Storage**

> Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Amino Acid Sequence

HHHHHHHHHRHNNSSLNTRTQKARHCGHCPEEWITYSNSCYYIGKERRTWEESLLACTSKNSSLLSIDNE EEMKFLSIISPSSWIGVFRNSSHHPWVTMNGLAFKHEIKDSDNAELNCAVLQVNRLKSAQCGSSIIYHCKH

KL

Background

NKG2-A/NKG2-B Type II Integral Membrane Protein contains 1 C-type lectin domain and belongs to the killer cell lectin-like receptor family. The killer cell lectin-like receptor family is a group of transmembrane proteins preferentially expressed in NK cells. Members of this proteins is characterized by the type II membrane orientation and the presence of a C-type lectin domain. NKG2 is expressed only in NK-cells, but not in T-cells or B-cells. It has been shown that NKG2 represents a family of related cDNA clones, designated NKG2A, NKG2B, NKG2C, and NKG2D, which encode type 2 integral membrane proteins (extracellular C-terminus) containing a C-type lectin domain. NKG2 plays a role as a receptor for the recognition of MHC class I HLA-E molecules by NK cells and some cytotoxic T-cells. NKG2A and NKG2B have been given the designation CD159a in the nomenclature of CD antigens.

SDS-Page

Research Use Only



