

Recombinant Human CDH11 (C-Fc-6His)

Catalog No: CB83

Description Recombinant Human Cadherin-11 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target

gene encoding Phe23-Thr617 is expressed with a Fc, 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Expression System Human cells

Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme 2; ACE-Related Carboxypeptidase; Angiotensin-Converting **Alternative name**

Enzyme Homolog; ACEH; Metalloprotease MPROT15; ACE2

Accession No. **Predicted** 93.6kDa

Molecular Weight

Apparent Molecular Weight 110kDa, reducing conditions.

Purity: greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. **Quality Control**

Endotoxin: less than 0.1 ng/µg (1 EU/µg) as determined by LAL test.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature.

Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

Storage Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples

are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.

Background Cadherin-11, also known as OSF-4, Osteoblast cadherin and CDH11, is a type II classical cadherin

> from the cadherin superfamily, integral membrane proteins that mediate calcium-dependent cellcell adhesion. Cadherins interact with themselves in a homophilic manner in connecting cells, may thus contribute to the sorting of heterogeneous cell types. Cadherin-11 contains five cadherin domains and is mainly expressed in brain. Mature cadherin proteins consists of a large N-terminal extracellular domain, a single membrane- spanning domain, and a small, highly conserved C-

> terminal cytoplasmic domain. It is shown that cadherin- 11 is a viable molecular target for therapeutic

intervention in Glioblastoma multiforme.

SDS-PAGE

kDa MK 120

90 60

40 30

