

Recombinant Human ARG2 (C-6His)

Catalog No: CE71

Description	Recombinant Human Arginase-2, mitochondrial is produced by our E. coli expression system and the target gene encoding His24-Gly330 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Source	Human Cells
Alternative name	Arginase-2, mitochondrial; Kidney-type arginase; Non-hepatic arginase; Type II arginase; ARG2
Accession No.	P78540
Predicted Molecular Weight	34.2kDa
AP Molecular Weight	33kDa, reducing conditions.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mMHEPES, 150mMNaCl, pH7.5.
Reconstitution	<p>Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.</p> <p>It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.</p> <p>Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.</p> <p>Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.</p>
Quality Control	<p>Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.</p> <p>Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 ng/µg (1 IEU/µg) as determined by LAL test.</p>
Shipping	<p>The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs.</p> <p>Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.</p>
Storage	<p>Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months after receipt.</p> <p>Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.</p>

Background

Arginase-2 (ARG2) is a member of the arginase family. Arginase is a manganese-containing enzyme which catalyzes the hydrolysis of arginine to ornithine and urea. ARG2 is highly expressed in kidney and prostate, not founded in the liver, heart and pancreas. ARG2 has been implicated in the regulation of the arginine/ornithine concentrations in the cell. ARG2 may take part in the regulation of extra-urea cycle arginine metabolism and in down-regulation of nitric oxide synthesis. The extrahepatic arginase functions to regulate L-arginine bioavailability to NO synthase.

SDS-Page

