

Recombinant Human CTLA4/CD152 (Fc) Catalog No: Cl31

Description Recombinant Human Cytotoxic T---lymphocyte protein 4/CTLA4/CD152 is produced with our

Mammalian expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Lys36---Asp161) of

Human CTLA4/CD152 fused with a Fc tag at the C---terminus.

Expression System Human cells

Alternative name Cytotoxic T---lymphocyte protein 4,Cytotoxic T---lymphocyte---associated antigen 4,CTLA4,CD152

Accession No. P16410

Quality Control Purity: greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 EU/μg) as determined by LAL test.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature.

Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

Storage Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples

are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.

Background Cytotoxic T---lymphocyte protein 4, is a single---pass type I membrane protein. It is widely expressed

with highest levels in lymphoid tissues. CD28 and CTLA---4, together with their ligands, B7---1 and B7---2, constitute one of the dominant costimulatory pathways that regulate T and B cell responses. CD28 and CTLA---4 are structurally homologous molecules that are members of the immunoglobulin (lg) gene superfamily. CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T Cells and may play an important role in their functions. Tcell activation through the Tcell receptor and CD28 leads to increased

expression of CTLA4.

SDS-PAGE



